SEMI WEEKLY

DIXON TELEGRAPH.

TUESDAY FRIDAY

56th Year No. 46 DIXON, ILLINOIS, TUESDAY, JUNE 11 1907 $1.00 a Year Advance

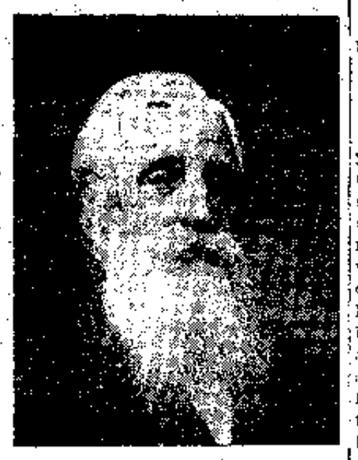
VETERAN EDITOR CALLED HOME

JOHN H. MOORE DIED SUNDAY MORNING AFTER SEVERAL WEEKS' ILLNESS.

WAS LIFELONG NEWSPAPER MAN

Funeral Will Be Held at Late Residence Tuesday Afternoon at 2:30 O'Clock.

After an illness of several weeks, John H. Moore died at 8:45 o'clock Sunday morning at his late home, corner of Galena avenue and Tenth street. His death was peaceful. Mr. Moore had been ailing for some time, but during the last several weeks he had been growing weaker, until the end came. For the past three months or more Mr. Moore had been caring for his invalid sister, and the worry and care was too much for his



JOHN H. MOORE.

frail constitution. He was always a faithful brother to the sister and her illness caused him much pain and concern.

Loved Children.

In the death of Mr. Moore, the children of the community in which he resided have lost a good friend. During his illness the little ones came each day to his home with flowers to be sent to his bedside. Before his illness became serious he would invite the children to his bedside and for hours interest them with children's stories. From the country where Mr. Moore was well known the children would walk to Dixon and give him large bouquets of wild flowers that they had gathered along the highways.

To everyone Mr. Moore always had a kind word when by chance he would meet them on the street or at his home. He was always ready and willing to do anyone a kindness, and there are many who will mourn him as a dear friend.

John H. Moore was a faithful believer in Christ and when he was able he was found in his pew at his church. He worshiped God because he believed in His doctrine.

Born in England.

John H. Moore was born in London, England, March 17, 1835, and at the time of his death was 72 years of age. The deceased was one of eight children. His parents, John and Penelope (Case) Moore came to America in 1845, coming to Dixon in 1847, and opened a wagon shop in connection with his son-in-law, E. B. Blackman, and continued to be so employed until a short time before his demise, in September, 1854. His mother died in 1873.

When Mr. Moore came to Dixon he was ten years of age, and in this city he grew to manhood. When quite young he commenced to work as a compositor on the first issue of the Telegraph—May 2, 1851. He remained in this office, with the exception of one year, until 1869, when he engaged with W. M. Kennedy, then the proprietor of a job office and later editor of the Sun. In the Sun office Mr. Moore continued to work until 1874, when he accepted a position on the editorial staff of the Dubuque Times, but soon returned and accepted a position with Mr. Kennedy, who was at that time running a weekly and agricultural monthly paper, and continued with him until his death, and remained on the Sun as its editor until 1893, when he became editor of the Telegraph and remained in that position until about two and a half years ago, when his son, Ernest H. Moore, became junior editor of the paper.

In 1868 Miss Ida Whitmore became the wife of Mr. Moore. Two children were born to this union, who bear the names of Mable P., now Mrs. H. W. Lewis of Evanston, Ill., and Ernest H. Moore of this city. Mrs. John H. Moore died in 1888.

Mr. Moore is survived by two sisters, Mrs. E. B. Blackman and Miss Jane A. Moore, both of whom reside in Dixon.

Funeral Tomorrow Afternoon.

The funeral will be held Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, at the house, Rev. Roivix Harlan, pastor of the First Baptist church of this city officiating. Burial will be in Oakwood cemetery.

The pallbearers are the following young men: Lloyd Lewis, John B. Crabtree, Rodney Ayres, George McWethey, Frank Pratt and Alfred Leland. It was the wish of the deceased that young men carry his remains to their last resting place.

DEATH OF BRIGHT YOUNG LADY

MISS ETHEL HEATH DIED AT HOME OF MOTHER SATURDAY EVENING.

Ethel M. Heath, aged twenty-two years, died at the home of her mother, Mrs. Henry Garnett, 214 Madison avenue, Saturday evening at 9:30 o'clock, death resulting from pneumonia and complications. She is survived by her father, George L. Heath, of Lone Tree, N. D.; her mother, Mrs. Henry Garnett, of this city; one brother, Eldridge H. Heath, of Brainard, Minn., and two sisters, Bessie and Minnie of this city. She was a beloved young lady and a member of the Lutheran church and a faithful believer in Christ.

The funeral will be held Tuesday afternoon at the house at 2 o'clock, Rev. Rutherford and Rev. Moore officiating. Interment will be made in Oakwood. The pall bearers will be Charles Brant, Price Rogers, David Origlasen, William Remmers, George Lieran and Elmer Rice. Music will be furnished by Mrs. Cora Tibbetts, Mrs. Dena Slothower, Mrs. Cora Whitford and Miss Fanny Woodyatt.

COMMENCE WORK ON COFFERDAM

PAY FIVE DOLLARS A DAY FOR TEAM AND MAN TO WORK IN THE WATER.

The government engineers commenced active operations on the coffer dam in Sterling this morning. Owing to the fact that it is not a very pleasant place to work, the government is offering five dollars a day for a man and team, the work to be ten hours. The work is not hazardous, but it is necessary for the teams to work in the water.

A bridge or driveway has been constructed from the south end of the dam to the water edge and everything is in readiness to construct the coffer. As the water is deep and is flowing swiftly and also disturbed by the piers now erected, the job of building the coffer dam will take some time.

OLD TELEGRAPH BUILDING SOLD

PIANO & PLAYER COMPANY BECOMES OWNER OF THE STRUCTURE TODAY.

The Rodeseh Piano & Player company has purchased the old Telegraph building on Water street and has commenced to make the necessary improvements to convert it into a building suitable for their purposes. The rear wall is being torn out and the building will be extended back to the lot line. When completed the factory will be fifty foot frontage, seventy-five feet depth and three stories high.

Merchant Goes East.

C. H. Keyes will leave this evening for a three weeks' visit with his brothers and sisters in Massachusetts and New York.

Arthur Badger was a visitor here from Compton yesterday.

Mrs. Joseph and sister, Miss Nellie Bollman, have gone to Chicago for a two weeks' visit.

NO MONEY FOR ALIMONY; RELEASED

JUDGE FARRAND DISCHARGES HENRY MONGOVEN FROM IMPRISONMENT.

MUST FILE UNRECORDED DEED

No Proceedings Have Been Begun to Settle Property Rights in Two Colts Sold by Wife.

Saturday morning at 10 o'clock the hearing on the writ of habeas corpus issued a week ago upon the petiton of Henry J. Mongoven, was held before Judge R. S. Farrand, who discharged him from further imprisonment.

Saturday's case was to decide the contempt case, and the evidence was mainly as to Mongoven's ability to pay the alimony and costs of suit, nearly all the witnesses being subpoenaed by Mrs. Mongoven.

After hearing the evidence it was decided that Mongoven did not pay the alimony because of inability to do so out of any personal property he was possessed of. This was considered sufficient to purge him of contempt, and he was released from custody.

In order, though, that the decree of the alimony case shall be made effective, Mongoven was ordered to place on file the unrecorded deed he has to an undivided one-half of the homestead. When this is done, execution will be issued against his real property for the amount due for alimony, attorney's fees and the court costs.

No proceedings have been commenced to settle the rights of property in the two colts which were recently sold by Mrs. Mongoven.

AMBOY FIXES DERBY DAY DATE

BIG EVENT WILL COME THIS YEAR ON AUGUST 15—THE HOME-COMING WEEK.

Derby day this year will fall on Thursday, August 15th, at Amboy, and it is proposed to make August 12th to 18th a grand home-coming week for all the people who have formerly lived in that city or surrounding country. Probably no city the size of Amboy has a greater number of people who were former residents than has that city. Many of these will welcome an occasion when they can meet not only with relatives and friends at their old home, but the others who will come from a distance also.

PROPERTY TRANSFERS.

Elizabeth L Long to John E Erwin, land in Nachusa $850.

Curtis T Bridgman to Elisha W Bissell, land in Amboy $500.

E M Browne to Nina M Moore, land in Dixon $300.

ATTORNEY A. C. BARDWELL.

Who is a candidate for senator to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Senator Charles H. Hughes. Mr. Bardwell, after giving the matter due consideration, has at last consented to allow his name to be used.

WILLIAM J. BURNS, DETECTIVE.

Detective Burns, who has been of such assistance to Rudolph Spreckels and Special Prosecutor Francis J. Heney in rounding up the San Francisco grafters, began his business career in a tailor shop, but later entered the secret service bureau of the United States and is now one of its cleverest sleuths. He was of great assistance in securing evidence against the Oregon land thieves.

COUNCIL HOLDS BUSY SESSION

APPOINTMENT OF CITY OFFICIALS HELD UP UNTIL TUESDAY.

HEALTH COMMISSIONER REPORTS.

Old City Jail Is Sold For Sixty Dollars—Resolution For Viaduct on Fifth Street.

The city council met at its regular meeting last night and transacted nothing but the routine business, but there was plenty of that to do. In the absence of the mayor, Alderman Martin Gannon occupied the chair as mayor pro tem.

All the members of the council were present, including the city attorney.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

Bills to the amount of several thousands of dollars were presented, read, and on motion of Alderman Schmidt were ordered paid.

Apportion Assessment.

A petition signed by Allen Smith, John H. Stoll and Edward F. Gehant, praying for the apportionment of the special assessment under local improvement ordinance No. 87, was presented and read. This assessment covers lot 4 in block 9, on West First street. There are 150 feet of proposed sidewalk, and the apportionment of this number of feet to each property owner was asked. On motion of Alderman Connerman the council granted the prayer of the petition.

Sewer Ordinance Passed.

On motion of Alderman Gaffney, the city council passed the ordinance providing for a sewer and all the side lines north of Rock river and east of Galena avenue, the estimate of the same being $12,258.65.

Health Commissioner Reports.

Health Commissioner E. B. Owens presented his annual report to the council and after being read by the city clerk and on motion of Alderman Moeller it was accepted by the council.

The report covers the health conditions of the city in full; there were several recommendations which the doctor made that would be proper for the council to act upon. Principal of these was the appointment of a man to make a thorough and systematic canvass of the entire city and report all violations of the garbage ordinance, etc. During the summer months this is essential, and it is a fact, so the doctor reports, that entirely too much garbage is being thrown about the city by thoughtless people.

The doctor reported eight cases of scarlet fever during the past year.

He also stated in his report that there are milk dealers in Dixon who have not taken out a license and these, if they violate the ordinance cannot be prosecuted because they are not licensed. Some action by the council should be taken in this matter.

Condition of Oakwood.

Superintendent Barry made the following report of Oakwood cemetery:

Accounts payable, $500.11.

Cash receipts, $362.60.

On motion of Alderman Schmidt the report was accepted and ordered placed on file.

Gaffney Wanted More.

Alderman Gaffney made the usual bluff about more money for his ward last night. The alderman's actions in this respect are commendable, for he is ever on the lookout for the welfare of his ward.

What started the alderman talking last night was the presentation of the resolution to place $500 from the $4,500 improvement fund to the general fund, thereby decreasing the ward fund to $900 for each ward. Alderman Gaffney wanted the amount for the general fund to read $250 instead of $500. The alderman made a motion to that effect, but while he was waiting for a second, Alderman Connerman of the finance committee saw a chance to star himself and he moved the adoption of the resolution as read. The motion met with a second and the council adopted the resolution.

Treasurer's Report.

Treasurer Gray presented and read to the council last night showing that the city has on hand money to the sum of $24,095.82. On motion of Alderman Stephan the report was adopted.

Northrup Opens Saloon.

Upon petition the council granted a dramshop license to Lyle Northrup of this city, to conduct a saloon business in the old place of Thomas Phalen, on Depot avenue, near the Northwestern depot.

Fifth Street Viaduct.

The Fifth street viaduct matter was brought up last night, and a resolution asking the Illinois Central to commence work on a viaduct at once and to have the same completed on or about the first day of next October, was passed. The resolution also provided that the city attorney be instructed to notify the railway company of the action taken by the council.

Appointments Tuesday Night.

On motion of Alderman Schmidt, council adjourned until next Tuesday evening at 8:30. Then the appointments will be forthcoming.

INFANT INJURED IN RUNAWAY

PASSENGER TRAIN FRIGHTENS HORSE AND OCCUPANTS ARE THROWN FROM BUGGY.

ACCIDENT OCCURS SUNDAY MORN

Woosung Family Victims—Train Is Stopped and Crew Renders Assistance to the Sufferers.

The little baby of Mr. and Mrs. George Schroeder of near Woosung, was seriously hurt in a runaway on the Dixon-Woosung road on Sunday morning, and the older people were bruised and the buggy was badly broken.

The accident happened at the point of the road where it parallels the Illinois Central tracks and the passengers on the morning passenger train saw the accident. The horse was frightened at the train, which passed there at about 10:15 o'clock and upset the buggy, throwing the occupants out and breaking the vehicle badly.

The crew of the passenger train witnessed the accident and the train was stopped. Assistance was given the victims. A Dixon physician attended them and it is found that the child had suffered the most, having received several severe bruises about the head and body.

HARMON WANTS NEW PRINCIPAL

MANY APPLICANTS SEEK POSITION AS HEAD OF THE VILLAGE SCHOOL.

MANY WITNESSES ATTEND COURT

Neola Elevator Company Busy Shipping Grain to Chicago—Intermediate Teacher Engaged.

Harmon, Ill., June 10.—Miss Lena Thane of Rock Falls has been employed to teach in the intermediate department of the Harmon schools.

During the past year Miss Thane has successfully taught in the McWherter school, southwest of Harmon in Montmorency township, and comes to Harmon well recommended.

Since the announcement in these columns a couple of weeks ago that a principal was wanted at Harmon there have been a large number of applications for the place and the board of directors are considering several of them.

Elias Siebens was called to Chicago Friday morning by the serious illness of his sister, Mrs. John C. Fisher.

Clarence Durr returned from Chicago Wednesday evening.

W. H. Kugler, Henry Stoffregen, Frank Hettinger, Richard Drew, P. Drew, Claude Hanna, Mrs. A. Purcell, Miss Helen Kelly and Mrs. H. J. Mongoven were in Dixon Saturday as witnesses in the Mongoven contempt case.

Supervisor Thomas P. Long is in Dixon attending the semi-annual meeting of the board.

Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Ostrander were Dixon visitors last Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Leonard were in Sterling Thursday.

The Purcell restaurant is being newly papered and decorated.

The Neola Elevator company shipped five car loads of grain to Chicago Saturday evening.

E. D. Whipple of Chicago, was here Thursday looking after his farms in this neighborhood.

T. E. Smallwood has purchased a traction engine of the Southwestern-Port Huron company. It is different from those in use here in that it is equipped with an engine cab.

Fred Minor, the station agent here, spent Saturday with his mother at Shaw.

Miss Tessie had business in Dixon Saturday.

Banker Kugler of Harmon was in Dixon Saturday.

BOY IS CRUSHED BY FALLING TREE

SEVEN YEAR OLD SON OF JOSHUA HAUPT FATALLY INJURED ON SUNDAY.

BACK OF SKULL IS FRACTURED

Little Fellow Is Still Unconscious—The Lad's Parents Reside In Woosung.

Woosung, June 10—Special—The seven year old son of Joseph Haupt of this place was fatally injured on Sunday morning by being crushed under a tree which his brothers pulled down.

The tree was a stump about fifteen feet high and the little fellows had tied a rope to it to pull it over. It fell directly on the boy and crushed him to the ground.

Fractured Skull.

A physician was summoned immediately, but his efforts to revive the little fellow are probably in vain, for he has not yet regained consciousness, and no hope is held out for his recovery.

He received a fracture of the skull near the base of the brain and when he was picked up blood and brain fluid were running from his ears. The accident has aroused the sympathy of the entire community and expressions of sorrow are heard on all sides.

LEFT NINETY DOLLARS IN BED

WILLIAM ANDERSON OF AMBOY VISITS STERLING AND FORGETS MONEY.

Sterling Gazette: William Anderson of Amboy came to this city on Thursday evening and engaged rooms at Charles VanDeMark's hotel on Wall street. Believing that it would be safer to place his money under his pillow than to leave it in his pocket book, he carried out his first impulse. Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock he rushed into Mr. VanDeMark's cafe and began hunting for his money. Before his arrival Mrs. VanDeMark found nine ten dollar bills while making up the beds. As William Anderson was able to give a description of the money that he had forgotten, it was turned over to him. He had gone to Dixon before he missed the money.

KRINBILL TAKES MINING CLAIMS

FORMER DIXON MUSIC INSTRUCTOR HAS PURCHASED SOME PROMISING PROPERTY.

Bisbee Evening Mines: Prof. Geo. H. Krinbill, instructor in music in the Bisbee public schools, left this morning for Naco. Mr. Krinbill goes to the border city for the purpose of attending to necessary work on mining claims, recently taken up by him with his son and a few local people. The properties are very promising ones, according to his view, and he looks for large returns in the future fro mthem.

LAW TERM OF LEE COUNTY COURT

WILL CONVENE MONDAY P. M. TRIAL LIST MADE UP—ADJOURN FOR WEEK.

The law term of the Lee county court will convene Monday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock, at which time the docket will be read and the trial list made up, after which court will adjourn for a week. Attorneys will do well to pay special attention to this notice.

Bracken Pays $6 Fine.

William Bracken was fined $6 and costs this morning by Justice Edward Davies for assault and battery on the person of Cornelius Drew. Bracken is alleged to have struck Drew without any provocation while the latter was walking near Beier's bakery Saturday evening. Fine and costs were paid.

Miss Leila Hartwell went to Chicago this morning to attend the wedding of her friend, Miss Clara Hayward, which will occur on Monday evening.

FOR THE MERCHANT

LITTLE POINTS THAT HELP IN SELLING GOODS.

BE READY FOR OPPORTUNITY

Let the Public Know What You Have to Sell—Never Stop Pushing—A Hint for the Clerks.

Pluck.

How often you hear one business man say of another who has been successful: "Ain't he lucky?" Luck has nothing to do with anyone's success. It is pluck.

Pluck and enthusiasm are the powers which make the winner. With these two qualities, which are invariably found together, a man will succeed.

Business men who have achieved greatness in their line are those who possess an abundance of enthusiasm.

A possession that is better than anything else to a man is that determination of character known as pluck, and an enthusiastic confidence that he will succeed.

To persevere against great odds, and to make a victorious fight in the face of almost impossibilities, it requires pluck which is not governed by impulse.

To cultivate pluck one must encourage steadfastness of purpose. When a thing is begun it should be finished.

The trouble with most of us is not so much that we have a hard row to hoe but that we dislike hoeing.

Opportunity knocks once—and often a dozen times—at every door, but you have no kick against the fates if Opportunity knocks, finds you lost in a pipe dream and turns away never to return.

Bacon said: "The mold of a man's fortune is in his own hands."

All men cannot be captains of industry. All men cannot succeed phenomenally. All men, it seems, cannot succeed even moderately, but all men can make an effort to succeed.

We must not stop striving to reach a higher and better place until we are willing to sink to the bottom. If we simply expect to float and not try to swim we might just as well quit. It would be well for us to keep as a motto before us: "Perseverance and pluck conquer all things," for it bears close relationship to the subject chosen. If we regarded the little opportunities in life more seriously and made the most use of them we would be better able to master the golden opportunities.

Let It Be Known.

You may know that you have the best assorted stock in town, but the public will not know it unless you tell them about it; they are not clairvoyants. First use the newspapers liberally, then circulars, personal letters, talk to them when you can catch them in your store, at their homes—anywhere. The first and last thing to bear in mind about advertising is that it is as wide as human nature in its appeal.

Advertising is the mighty engine of success, and without it the business world would be minus its dynamo of energy.

Push All the Time.

If it pays to push when business is good, it pays to push when business is bad.

If it pays to push when business is bad, it pays to push when business is good.

If it pays to push at all, it pays to push all the time.

Therefore, don't let it die.

When everything is coming your way, push to make it come the faster.

When everything is going the other way, push to make it come back to you.

Push all the time and you'll feel the better for it, and make more money.

It takes hard thinking and hard work to increase business in the face of strong competition. But the business is there, and somebody will get it—you or your neighbor, or perhaps your competitor in the next town. Which shall it be?

Help your employes increase your business.

Be Business Throughout.

A joke is a joke, but business is no joke, and it is mighty hard to make the two mix.

A man once said: "It pays to advertise most businesses, but mine is different." The sheriff sold him out, and now he works for his successor, who does advertise.

Success.

The secret of most successes lies in the man rather than in the method.

Making people want the goods is, after all, about as near the secret of it as there comes to being any secret. Make the public want what you have to sell and the sale is half made.

Epitaph of a failure: "He worked overtime dodging work."

That Man with the Overalls.

When the man with the overalls comes into your store don't turn around and take your time to wait on him. Don't snub the man with the overalls in order to wait upon some elite of your town—that is, if the overall man came into your store first. Your overall man usually stands by the home town. He works in the shops, in the stock yards, in the factories and in the mills. His dollar is just as good as the dollar given to you by the man who tries to put on all kinds of airs in your town. The old American eagle on the silver dollar given to you by the man attired in overalls counts for just as much and screams just as hard as the bird on the dollar turned over by the man who belongs to the "upper tens." Besides, if the man in the overalls wants credit until Saturday night or until the first of the month, you'll stand to win to get the cash from him when he says he'll pay you. Don't give him the marble heart. You want his trade. He needs dry goods and groceries, and he will spend his money with you if you treat him right.

Business Sickness a Common Complaint.

Stuck in a rut, are you? Same old rut, boss doesn't appreciate your efforts. Interest in your business wearing thin at the edges? Eh? Thought so! Well, what are you waiting for?

You know nothing really comes to the fellow who waits, except the "push." Some people never "get there" unless they're pushed.

If you're sick of your job you're doing yourself and your boss a bad turn by hanging on. Start looking around for another job—that'll keep your mind liquid. Wonderful what a pick-me-up job-hunting is to some people. If you get "turned down" two or three times you'll begin to think what small potatoes you really are after all, and that's good tonic for business sickness—the first sign of recovery, in fact.

Your present job will, maybe, acquire a fresh interest to you, and you'll come at it again like a two-year-old.

If you were born with a square chin and the normal amount of gray matter you'll probably want to get ahead of the procession. There is only one sure way, and that is "know how." A fellow with "know how" never loses interest in his job. He wouldn't get the "know how" if he did.

It's marvelous how interesting business is when you get the proper spirit. Some men obtain more genuine pleasure from business than they do from play. If you want to enjoy business—study it—soak yourself in it, and imagine it's play.

You won't have to imagine long, and when you've got the spirit of the game you couldn't be kept out of it with a pickax.

Fashion is Ever Changing.

Mrs. Shopper—Is that hat that was $35 this morning the same price still?

Milliner—Certainly! Why not?

Mrs. Shopper—Well, it's not such a new style as it was then.—Judge.

Turn to and bury the mail-order house monopoly under the sod of local prosperity. You can do it by spending your money with the local merchants. If you give them an opportunity they will treat you fairly, and they, like yourself, represent the interests of the home town.

ORCHARD GRILL HOT

But Does Not Seem to Give the Man of Many Crimes Any Great Trouble.

LAWYERS HAVE A WARM SPAT

Hawley Consigns Richardson to the Ananias Society.

Two Confrontations in Court in Each of Which the Witness Coolly Remarks "That's the Man."

Boise, Ida., June 8.—Counsel for William D. Haywood continued their attack on the testimony of Harry Orchard at both sessions of the trial, and centered their strongest assaults on the events beginning with the explosion in the Vindicator mine and ending with the earlier meetings between the witness and the leaders of the Federation of Miners at Denver. To the extent that traffic with "the other side" in the war of labor and capital in Colorado was discreditable they succeeded in discrediting the witness.

In the Employ of Detectives.

Taking up the admission that Orchard made in direct examination that he had been treacherous to his comrades in Cripple Creek by tipping off a train-wrecking plot they developed the fact that Orchard entered the employ of D. C. Scott, who had charge of the railway detectives. Orchard said that with Scott he had met K. C. Sterling, a detective in the employ of the Mine Owners' association, and that Scott had paid his expenses and accompanied him to Denver on the trip when he first had met Moyer and Haywood. He said that he had agreed to report to Scott, but that he was lying to him—never intending to make reports to him and never did make reports.

Why He Took the Job.

The defense also tried to show that because he stood in with the other side Orchard was never molested by the militia in Cripple Creek during the strike. Orchard admitted that Scott had told him that if the militia interfered with him he was to send for him, and that the militia never did interfere with him or search his house. Orchard said that he went to Scott first because he had not been paid for his work at the Vindicator mine, and he was jealous because he was given hard work like the Vindicator job while other men got the simple task of train-wrecking by displacing a rail.

STATE COUNSEL WAXES WROTH

Tells Richardson He Falsifies in One Statement Made.

During the examination there was some more objection to Richardson's method of asking a question and then before the witness could reply asking another. Hawley insisted that the witness be allowed to complete his reply and Richardson demanded that he be allowed to ask questions in his own way.

"When you lift the lid you must expect to find what's in it," said Borah. "Oh, I know the lid's been fixed for me," replied Richardson.

Hawley jumped to his feet and said: "When you make a statement like that you say what is absolutely false." The court ordered silence.

Richardson read an extract from Orchard's testimony of Thursday. The witness interrupted him once to say he had omitted something. Richardson read again, and Orchard inserted one or two words which he said the stenographer had left out.

"These words were under the lid yesterday, I suppose," the attorney said. "I don't know anything about a lid," replied Orchard, unperturbed.

Orchard said that Moyer went to Cripple Creek during the strike and made a speech, urging that no overt acts be committed, saying they surely would be charged up to the Western Federation of Miners. Haywood spoke to the same effect, cautioning the strikers against drinking and gambling. Generally the speakers urged the strikers to avoid all violence.

BASIS FOR IMPEACHMENT

Witness Is Given an Opportunity to Identify Two Men.

Two rather dramatic incidents were the identification by Orchard of two men whose names he had used being parties to some of the crimes alleged in explaining how the explosion at the Vindicator mine was obtained—a mechanism by which the mining cage in a mine shaft would set off the blast. Orchard said that Will Easterly helped him conduct experiments along this line.

"Is Easterly in the room?" asked Richardson in a loud voice. A man stood up and was commanded by the attorney for the defense to come down the center aisle and confront the witness. "Is that the Easterly you mean?" Richardson asked of Orchard. The witness looked at the newcomer and quickly replied: "That's the man."

Again Orchard was telling how his bombs were made and said that Jim and Owney Barnes made the bomb in Barnes' cabin. Barnes was in the audience and was told to stand up. Orchard looked at him and once more, without hesitation, said: "That's the man with whom I made the bombs." Barnes, a short, heavy set man, with large mustaches, grinned and sat down.

Richardson brought out that Orchard went to Denver and secured four gallons of Greek fire from Pettibone, and that he took this into Cripple Creek without being searched, in spite of the fact that the militia were on guard and in-coming suspicious characters were searched. He buried the explosive, which after his confession was dug up by Pinkerton detectives. Orchard would not admit that the militia was searching each train at the time he took the dope into the district.

"You had no fear of being searched?" suggested Richardson. "I tried to keep away from the soldiers as much as possible," said Orchard.

HE HOLDS TO HIS STORY

Attempts to Obtain Contradictions from Orchard Fail.

The defense endeavored in every way possible to discredit Orchard's story told on direct examination, and set him to contradict himself on subpoenas, the Vindicator mine incident being the subject of the examination, but without much, if any, success. The whole cross-examinations to the facts is a recovering of the events testified to in direct examination, the object of the defense being to find some weak spot in the story where it can catch Orchard tripping. Orchard stood the test and strain very well, and held tenaciously to the story he had already related.

Toward the close of the day the defense took up a trip Orchard made to southern Colorado with Moyer in the early part of 1904, and showed that Moyer feared to go south unguarded—because "mine owners' official things had beaten up innocent union men"—and had sent for Orchard to aid in protecting him. It was agreed that they should carry cut-off shotguns and sit in the center of the railway car, so that if they were attacked they could defend themselves. Attorney Richardson in questioning the witness made it very clear that this had been a perfectly straight proposition "free from any fake."

THERE WAS NO COMPULSION

Rather Remarkable Evidence Given by Five Witnesses in the Trial of Mayor Schmitz.

San Francisco, June 8.—The proprietors before the fire of the five French restaurants alleged to have been victimized by Mayor Schmitz and Abraham Ruef testified for the prosecution in the trial of the mayor for extortion.

Without exception they alleged that they had paid into the $10,000 protection fund because they were satisfied that unless they employed Ruef they would lose their licenses and as a result their business; second, without exception they denied that any threat had been made that they would lose their licenses unless they employed Ruef and paid him, or that Ruef asked to be employed, or that he or any one in his behalf solicited the $10,000 or any sum of money whatsoever.

Victim of Her Own Good Intention.

Wautoma, Wis., June 8.—In an effort to please her teacher little Emma Frater, aged 14, gave up her young life in a most horrible accident. Her father discovered her dead body hanging from a window in the school house in Mount Morris township, the sash having fallen on her neck as she was climbing through the window to carry out a plan to decorate the school, and she was slowly strangled to death.

Crisis Is Facing the Duma.

St. Petersburg, June 8.—The critical moment in the life of the duma has arrived and Premier Stolypin and the Constitutional Democrats are fighting with two fronts to save the young parliament. The battle within the cabinet is between M. Stolypin's backers and the ultra reactionaries, and it looks a win for Stolypin.

Suicide of Two Children.

Cleveland, O., June 8.—As a result of taking rat poison with suicidal intent Marguerite Curtis, aged 11, and her sister, Helen, aged 10 years, are dead at a west side hospital. Grief caused by the death of their mother a year ago was assigned by the children as the basis of a pact between them to end their own lives.

Ex-Railway Official Indicted.

Toledo, O., June 8.—W. H. Bennett, ex-general freight agent of the Ann Arbor railroad, has been indicted by the federal grand jury on twenty-three counts for alleged violations of the interstate commerce laws.

Two Killed by a Storm.

Marshall, Ill., June 8.—It is reported that during a very severe storm that has caused thousands of dollars of damage in this vicinity Henry Rook and Mrs. Pinkston, living near here, were killed.

SCORES ON THE DIAMONDS

Chicago, June 8. — Following are the base ball scores:

League: At Pittsburg — Boston 4, Pittsburg 5; at St. Louis, Cincinnati and Chicago—Weather.

American: At Philadelphia—Chicago 4, Philadelphia 5—ten innings; at New York—Cleveland 6, New York 4; at Washington—St. Louis 1, Washington 2; at Boston—Detroit 5, Boston 8.

Association: At Louisville — Milwaukee 4, Louisville 5; at Toledo — Minneapolis 2, Toledo 5; at Indianapolis—Kansas City 0, Indianapolis 1; (second game) Kansas City 2, Indianapolis 1; at Columbus—Weather.

Western: At Omaha—Des Moines 5, Omaha 1; at Lincoln—Pueblo 1, Lincoln 6; (second game) Pueblo 2, Lincoln 4; at Sioux City—Weather.

A STEADY DRAIN.

Sick Kidneys Weaken the Whole Body—Make You Ill, Languid and Depressed.

Sick kidneys weaken the body through the continual drainage of life-giving albumen from the blood into the urine, and the substitution of poisonous uric acid that goes broadcast through the system, sowing the seeds of disease. Loss of albumen causes weakness, languor, depression. Uric poisoning causes rheumatic pain, nervousness, nausea, cricks in the back, gravel and kidney stones. The proper treatment is a kidney treatment, and the best remedy is Doan's Kidney Pills. Great Dixon cures prove it.

Emil Totten, of Hennepin Ave., Dixon, Ill., says: "I was troubled with disordered kidneys for many years. Continuous backaches bothered me. The worst symptom and the most troublesome one was the fact that my kidney secretions were far too frequent in passage. This was very annoying, particularly at night. The secretions were of a dark color, full of sediment and scalded in the passage and the odor was very bad. I was unable to get relief, and although I tried many remedies I became weak and had to leave my work. Doan's Kidney Pills were recommended to me by a responsible party and I procured a box to try them at Leake's drug store. When I had finished the contents of the first box I felt very much better. I continued taking them and in a very short time all the pains and annoyances had left me and I was completely cured. I recommend Doan's Kidney Pills very highly."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name — Doan's — and take no other.

When you feel the need of a pill take a DeWitt's Little Early Riser. Small pill, safe pill, sure pill. Easy to take — Pleasant and effective. Drives away headaches. Sold by Rowland Bros.

W. R. Ward of Dyersburg, Tenn., writes: "This is to certify that I have used Orino Laxative Fruit Syrup for chronic constipation, and it has proven, without a doubt, to be a thorough, practical remedy for this trouble, and it is with pleasure I offer my conscientious reference."

Sold by Rowland Bros.

There is no case of indigestion, no matter how irritable or how obstinate that will not be speedily relieved by the use of Kodol. The main factor in curing the stomach of any disorder is rest, and the only way to get rest is to actually digest the food for the stomach itself. Kodol will do it. It is a scientific preparation of vegetable acids containing the very same juices found in a healthy stomach. It conforms to the Pure Food and Drug Law. Sold by Rowland Bros.

Cured Hemorrhages of the Lungs.

"Several years since my lungs were so badly affected that I had many hemorrhages," writes A. M. Ake, of Wood, Ind. "I took treatment with several physicians without any benefit. I then started to take Foley's Honey and Tar, and my lungs are now as sound as a bullet. I recommend it in advanced stages of lung trouble." Foley's Honey and Tar stops the cough and heals the lungs, and prevents serious results from a cold. Refuse substitutes.

Sold by Rowland Bros.

"This little pig went to market,"
doesn't amuse tonight.
Baby's not well; what's the matter,
her little cheeks are so white;
Poor little tummy is aching, naughty
old pain go away.
Cascarweet mother must give her,
then she'll be bright as the day.
It is sold here by Rowland Bros.

A BEAUTIFUL FACE

Send stamp for particulars and Testimonials of the remedy that clears the Complexion, Removes Skin Imperfections, Makes New Blood and Improves the Health. If you take

BEAUTYSKIN

Beneficial results are guaranteed or money refunded.

CHICHESTER CHEMICA LCO., Madison Place, Philadelphia, Pa.

STATE BANKING BOOM

Report Indicating That the Business Is in High Favor in the State.

GREAT INCREASE IN CAPITAL

Figures Also Show That the People Are Prospering—Speaker Cannon Disavows a Remark.

Springfield, Ill., June 8.—The state banking business of Illinois is assuming enormous proportions. The statement of the auditor of public accounts at the commencement of business on the morning of May 21, compared with the last previous statement for March 23, shows an increase of 11 in the number. There were on May 21, 898 state banks in Illinois, with a capital stock of of $70,675,000, an increase in three months of $2,895,000. The total resources, $571,821,471, an increase of $25,655,008; loans and discounts, $347,252,303, an increase of $3,389,413. Time savings deposits and savings certificates, a great evidence of the prosperity of the people, showed $237,050,010, an increase of $4,186,79. The individual demand deposits were $185,201,234, an increase of $15,802,807.

Day to Devote to Mission Money.

Springfield, Ill., June 8.—Bishop Osborne, of the diocese of Springfield of the Episcopal church, has received a letter from the central board of missions of the Episcopal church requesting the clergy of the church to observe Sunday, June 16, the third Sunday after Trinity, as a day devoted to the interests of the missionary thank offering of the church, that Sunday being the tricentennial anniversary of the first Sunday in which the holy communion was celebrated by English-speaking people in what is now the United States, the celebration being held at Jamestown, Va.

License for a Church Society.

Springfield, Ill., June 8.—The secretary of state has issued a license to incorporate the Evangelical Lutheran Chuch Extension and Home Mission society, organized to promote the cause of home missions in the central Illinois district of the synod of Missouri of the German Lutheran church.

New Trolley Line Licensed.

Springfield, Ill., June 8.—The secretary of state has issued to the Centralia and Sandoval railroad a license to incorporate. It is proposed to construct an electric railway from Centralia to Sandoval, paralleling the line of the Illinois Central railroad.

Judge Baum Has Pneumonia.

Springfield, Ill., June 8.—Judge Jas. B. Baum, of Galena, judge of the appellate court of Illinois, now in session in this city, is quite ill and has been taken to the Springfield hospital. He is suffering from pneumonia.

REPUDIATES THE SENTIMENT

Speaker Cannon Says He Didn't Make Certain Remarks Regarding the Colored Citizen.

Danville, Ill., June 8.—"If there is such a story, it is a fake," declared Speaker Cannon at his home when asked concerning a report from Raleigh, N. C., that at a banquet following the commencement at Guilford college he declared the treatment accorded the negro in the south was right politically and that he also declared strongly for state's rights.

"The speech I made at Guilford college," he added, "was reported by an official stenographer of the house of representatives. A copy of it was furnished to a newspaper at Greensboro and my private secretary at Washington, Mr. Busby, has a copy, which any one can have by applying to him. I have always made it a rule, not to answer such things, but in this case I think a denial is proper and should be sufficient."

Heavy Blow at Duquoin.

Duquoin, Ill., June 8.—This city has just experienced the worst storm that has visited this county in years. The disturbance assumed the appearance and proportions of a cyclone, and wrought damage to residence property and crops which will run into the thousands. The cyclone swept over the residence portion in the north part of the city, uprooting trees, lifting the roofs from residences and in many cases carrying houses off their foundations. A number of injuries is reported, though none is thought to be fatal.

Veteran Illinois Editor Dead.

Mount Carmel, Ill., June 8. — Captain Frank W. Havill is dead at his home here after an illness of several months. He had been editor of The Daily Register, of this city, for more than twenty years, until last winter, when he gave it up owing to failing health. He was also clerk of the appellate court of this district and was one of the most esteemed citizens of the county.

Arrested for an Infamous Crime.

Lincoln, Ill., June 8.—H. Weston, J. Davis and C. Simpson, all of Christopher, are under arrest charged with assault on Mrs. Williford Eason, a deaf mute. Arriving at the woman's home they dragged their victim to the orchard, where they left her.

Victim of the Live Wire.

Tallula, Ill., June 8.—Alfred C. Hugenberger, a prominent business man of Tallula, and member of the firm of Hugenberger, Hustmen & Becker, was killed by electricity while testing a circuit which was out of repair.

AMBOY COUNCIL ACTS ON CROSSING

COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO INTERVIEW THE I. C. OFFICIALS.

SOME IMPROVEMENT NECESSARY

That City Has Been Trying for Years to Obtain Suitable Protection From the Company.

The city of Amboy has started a movement to compel the Illinois Central Railroad company to construct a viaduct over the tracks at the Main street crossing. At the meeting of the city council held Monday evening a committee of three aldermen, Harvey, Fisher and Spangler, was appointed to take the proper steps to get the matter before the railroad company.

Public sentiment against the crossing is responsible for the action on the part of the city council and will probably result in the matter being pushed until the railroad company puts in the necessary improvement.

One of the Worst.

The Main street crossing at Amboy is one of the most dangerous grade crossings. It crosses the yard at its widest point and there is constantly a great amount of switching over the roadway.

The Amboy people have been trying for years to get the railroad company to make necessary protection at that point. Recent fatalities at the crossing and many narrow escapes have caused a determination to have the matter settled and the council will press the suit until the company does what they want.

A Lesson in Health.

Healthy kidneys filter the impurities from the blood, and unless they do this good health is impossible. Foley's Kidney Cure makes sound kidneys and will positively cure all forms of kidney and bladder disease. It strengthens the whole system.

Sold by Rowland Bros.

A prompt, pleasant, good remedy for coughs and colds is Kennedy's Laxative Cough Syrup. It is especially recommended for babies and children, but good for every member of the family. It contains no opiates and does not constipate. Contains honey and tar and tastes nearly as good as maple syrup. Children like it. Sold by Rowland Bros.

Bert Barber of Elton, Wis., says: "I have only taken four doses of your Kidney and Bladder Pills and they have done more for me than any other medicine has ever done. I am still taking the pills, as I want a perfect cure." Mr. Barber refers to DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills, which are frequently used for backache, weak kidneys, inflammation of the bladder and all urinary troubles. A week's treatment for 25 cents. Sold by Rowland Bros.

Will Cure Consumption.

A. A. Herren, Finch, Ark., writes: "Foley's Honey and Tar is the best preparation for coughs, colds and lung trouble. I know that it has cured consumption in the first stages." You never heard of anyone using Foley's Honey and Tar without being satisfied.

Sold by Rowland Bros.

If you will make inquiry it will be revealed to you how many succumb to kidney or bladder troubles in one form or another. If the patient is not beyond medical aid, Foley's Kidney Cure will cure. It never disappoints.

Sold by Rowland Bros.

A man who is in perfect health, so that he can do an honest day's work when necessary, has much for which he should be thankful. Mr. L. C. Rodgers of Branchton, Pa., writes that he was not only unable to work, but he couldn't stoop over to tie his own shoes. Six bottles of Foley's Kidney Cure made a new man of him. He says, "Success to Foley's Kidney Cure."

Sold by Rowland Bros.

For scratches, burns, insect bites and the many little hurts common to every family, DeWitt's Carbolized Witch Hazel Salve is the best remedy. It is soothing, cooling, clean and healing. Be sure you get DeWitt's. Sold by Rowland Bros.

A MAKER OF HISTORY

By E. PHILLIPS OPPENHEIM,

Author of "The Master Mummer," "A Prince of Sinners," "Mysterious Mr. Sabin," "Anna the Adventuress," Etc.

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CHAPTER XXIX.

THE marquise made a wry face at his departing figure, which changed swiftly into a smile as she turned to the young vicomte.

"Ah, these Englishmen!" she exclaimed. "These dull, good, obstinate, stupid pigs of Englishmen! If they would lose their tempers once—get angry, anything! Do they make love as coldly, I wonder?"

"Dear cousin," he answered, "I do not know. But if you will permit me I will show you"—

"Hush!"

He sighed.

"You are so adorable, Angele," he murmured.

"And you," she answered, "are so indiscreet. It is not your day, and I am expecting Gustave at any moment. I have left word that he is to be shown up here. There, my hand for one moment. Not so roughly, sir. And now tell me why you came."

"On a diplomatic errand, my dear cousin. I must see Miss Poynton."

She touched a bell.

"I will send for her," she said. "I shall not let you see her alone. She is much too good looking, and you are far too impressionable."

He looked at her reproachfully.

"Angele," he said, "you speak so of a young English miss—to me, Henri de Bergilac—to me who has known—who knows"—

She interrupted him laughing. The exaggerated devotion of his manner seemed to amuse her.

"My dear Henri," she said, "I do not believe that even a young English miss is safe from you. But attend. She comes."

Phyllis entered the room and came toward them. She was dressed in black, and she was still pale, but her eyes and mouth were wholly without affinity to the class of young person whom Henri had expected to see. He rose and bowed, and Phyllis regarded him with frank interest.

"Phyllis," the marquise said, "this is the Vicomte de Bergilac, and he brings you messages from some one or other. Your affairs are quite too complicated for my little head. Sit down and let him talk to you."

"If M. le Vicomte has brought me messages from the right person," Phyllis said, with a smile, "he will be very welcome. Seriously, monsieur, I seem to have fallen among friends here whose only unkindness is an apparent desire to turn my life into a maze. I hope that you are going to lead me out."

"I can conceive, mademoiselle," the vicomte answered, with his hand upon his heart, "no more delightful undertaking."

"Then I am quite sure," she answered, laughing softly, "that we are both going to be very happy. Please go on!"

"Mademoiselle speaks delightful French," he murmured, a little surprised.

"And, monsieur, I can see," she answered, "is an apt flatterer. Afterward as much as you please. But now—well, I want to hear about Guy."

"Mademoiselle has commanded," he said, with a little gesture. "To proceed then. M. Guy is well and is my constant companion. He is with friends who wish him well, and this morning, mademoiselle, the president himself has given written orders to the police to proceed no further in the unfortunate little affair of which mademoiselle has knowledge."

Phyllis had lost all her pallor. She smiled delightfully upon him. Mme. le Marquise rose with a little impatient movement and walked to the further end of the room.

"How nice of you to come and tell me this," she exclaimed, "and what a relief. I am sure I think he is very fortunate to have made such good friends."

"Mademoiselle," he declared with emphasis, "one at least of those friends is more than repaid."

She laughed back into his eyes, frankly amused by his gallantry.

"And now," she said, "we come to the beginning of the riddles. Why is it necessary for him to be supposed drowned, if he is no longer in danger from the police?"

"Ah, mademoiselle," he said, "I must speak to you now of strange things, but first I must implore you to promise me this and remember it always! Every word that I am going to say to you now must remain for the present a profound secret. That is agreed?"

"Certainly!" she answered.

"Your brother," he continued, "in his travels on the continent stumbled by chance upon a state secret of international importance. He had himself no idea of it, but a chance word which he let fall on the first evening I met him gave the clew to myself and some friends. In his enforced retirement we—that is, my uncle and others—learned from him the whole story of his adventure. It has placed the government of this country under great obligations. This, together with your service to us, has secured his pardon."

"This is wonderful!" she murmured.

"It is not all," he continued. "The spies of the country where he learned this secret have followed him to Paris. They are today searching for him everywhere. If they knew that he realized the importance of what he had seen and had communicated it to the proper persons here our advantage in knowing it would be largely lost. So far they have not traced him. Now I think that you have the key to what must have puzzled you so much."

Phyllis entered the room and came toward them.

"This is wonderful!" she murmured. "Let me think for a moment."

"You are naturally anxious," the vicomte continued, "to see your brother. Before very long, mademoiselle, I trust that it may be my pleasure to bring you together, but when I tell you that you are watched continually in the hope that through you your brother's hiding place may be found you will understand the wisdom which for the present keeps you apart."

"I suppose so," she answered dubiously. "But now that his death is reported?"

"Exactly, mademoiselle. The affair has been arranged so that the search for your brother be abandoned and the espionage on you removed. If the story of his doings in Paris and the tragic sequel to them be believed by those whom we wish to believe it, then they will also assume that his secret has died with him and that their schemes move on toward success. You understand?"

"Yes, M. le Vicomte, I understand," she answered slowly. "What, then, do you wish me to do?"

"Mademoiselle," the vicomte answered, fixing his dark eyes impressively upon her, "for you there remains the hardest of all tasks—inaction. Believe me that when I came here it was not my intention to put the truth of the matter so plainly before you. Neither was it the will of those whose orders I carry out. But I, mademoiselle, before all things I believe in inspiration. I find in mademoiselle"—he bowed once more—"qualities which alter the situation. I—a judge of faces, as I venture to believe myself—have looked into yours, and many things have happened."

She laughed delightfully. Her eyes were lit with humor.

"Ah, monsieur!" she protested.

"With you, mademoiselle," he continued, "reposes now a secret of great importance to your country and mine. I ask for no pledge of discretion, but I rely upon it. And especially, mademoiselle, may I warn you against your friends."

"I understand," she answered. "You wish me to share this confidence with no one."

"With no one," the vicomte repeated impressively. "Not even, mademoiselle, if I may venture to mention a name, with your very persistent admirer, Sir George Duncombe, whom I saw here a few moments since."

She sighed, and the vicomte's face became one of pale anxiety.

"I have not been permitted to see him," she answered. "He was here a few minutes ago."

"It is wiser so, mademoiselle," the vicomte said. "I wonder," he added, "whether mademoiselle will pardon the impertinence of a purely personal question?"

"I will try," she answered demurely.

"This Englishman, Sir George Duncombe—are you perhaps—how you say, betrothed to him?"

A certain blunt ness in the question and the real or affected anxiety of the young man's tone brought the color streaming into her cheeks.

"Monsieur," she exclaimed, "you really must not"—

"Ah, but, mademoiselle," he interrupted, "so much depends upon your answer."

"Absurd!" she murmured. "I really do not see why I should answer such a question at all."

"You will be merciful," he begged, lowering his tone.

"I will," she answered. "I hope you will appreciate my confidence. I am not engaged to Sir George Duncombe."

His sigh of relief was marvelous. She found it harder than ever to keep the laughter from her eyes.

"Mademoiselle," he declared, "it makes me happy to have you say this."

"Really, vicomte!" she protested.

"The situation, too," he said, "becomes less complex. We can very easily deal with him now. He shall annoy you no more!"

"But he doesn't annoy me," she answered calmly. "On the contrary, I should like to see him very much if I were permitted."

"Mademoiselle will understand well the indiscretion," he said earnestly.

She sighed a little wearily.

"I am afraid," she said, "that I find it a little hard to understand anything clearly, but you see that I trust you. I will not see him."

"Mademoiselle is very wise," he answered. "Indeed, it is better not. There remains now a question which I have come to ask."

"Well?"

"Mademoiselle did not by chance while waiting for her brother think of examining his luggage?"

She nodded.

"I did look through it," she admitted.

"There was a paper there, which is missing now—a sheet of paper with writing on it—in German. It is not possible that mademoiselle took possession of it?" he demanded eagerly.

She nodded.

"That is just what I did do," she said. "I could read a few words, and I could not understand how it came to be in his bag. It seemed to be part of an official agreement between two countries."

"You have it now?" he cried eagerly. "You have it in your possession?"

She shook her head.

"I gave it to some one to take care of," she said; "when I was over in England. I got frightened when we were nearly caught at Ruston, and I did not want it to be found upon me."

"To whom?" he cried.

"To Sir George Duncombe!"

The vicomte was silent for a moment.

"You believe," he asked, "that Sir George Duncombe would guard it carefully?"

"I am sure he would," she answered.

"Mademoiselle," he said, "this is very important. Your brother's luggage has been searched, and we came to the conclusion that the paper had been taken by those who had followed him here and may possibly be aware that he has it. If we can get possession of it it will be very much to the advantage of your country and mine. I scarcely dare say more. Will you give me a letter to Sir George instructing him to deliver it up to me?"

She leaned a little forward and looked steadily into his eyes.

"M. le Vicomte," she said, "I do not know you very well, and it is very hard indeed for me to tell who are my friends here. Can I trust you?"

"Mademoiselle," he answered, "I will not say 'like your brother,' for it is a relationship I have no wish to bear. Let me say like the person to whom your welfare is dearer even than his own."

Phyllis felt her lips curve into a smile. Despite his youth and manner, which seemed to her a little affected, there was nevertheless undoubted earnestness in the admiration which he took no pains to conceal.

"Very well, M. le Vicomte," she said. "I will give you the letter."

CHAPTER XXX.

THEY came face to face in the hall of the Grand hotel. Duncombe had just returned from his call upon the marquise. Andrew was leaning upon the arm of a dark, smooth shaven man and had apparently just descended from the lift. At the sound of Duncombe's little exclamation they both stopped short. Andrew turned his heavily spectacled eyes in Duncombe's direction, but it was obvious that he saw nothing.

"You here, Andrew!"

"Yes! Why not?"

The tone was curt, almost discourteous. Duncombe understood at once.

"Let us sit down somewhere and talk for a few minutes," he said. "I did not expect you. You should have let me know that you were coming."

Andrew laughed a little bitterly.

"I scarcely see why," he said. "To tell you the truth, I see no advantage to either of us in any intercourse."

Duncombe took him by the arm and led him toward the smoking room.

"Andrew," he said, "perhaps I have behaved badly—at least from your point of view, but remember that I warned you. Let us sit down here. Who is your friend?"

"Never mind," Andrew answered. "You can say what you have to before him. He is in my confidence."

Duncombe glanced around. The man had taken the chair next to them and was evidently prepared to listen to all that was said. His clothes and bearing and quiet, unobtrusive manners all seemed to suggest faithfully enough his possible identity—an English detective from an advertised office. Duncombe smiled as he realized the almost pitiful inadequacy of such methods.

"Come, Andrew," he said, turning to his friend, "you have a small grievance against me, and you think you have a great one."

"A small grievance," Andrew murmured softly. "Thank you, Duncombe."

"Go on, then. State it," Duncombe declared. "Let me hear what is in your mind."

Andrew raised his brows slowly. Twice he seemed to speak, but at the last moment remained silent. He was obviously struggling to control himself.

"There is this in my mind against you, Duncombe," he said finally: "I sent for you as a friend. You accepted a charge from me as my friend, and you betrayed me."

Duncombe shook his head.

"Listen, Andrew," he said. "I want to remind you again of what I said just now. I warned you. No, don't interrupt. It may have sounded like nonsense to you. I meant every word I said. I honestly tried to make you understand. I came here. I risked many things. I failed. I returned to England. Up till then you had nothing to complain of. Then, heaven knows why, but the very girl whom I had gone to Paris to seek came to Ruston in the guise at least of an adventuress."

Andrew lifted his head quickly.

"You admit it at least, then?" he cried.

"Yes, I admit it now," Duncombe agreed.

"You lied to me there—to me who had no eyes, who trusted you. What was that but betrayal, rank, inexcusable betrayal?"

"Listen, Andrew," Duncombe said. "She told me that she was not Phyllis Poynton. It was enough for me. I disregarded my convictions. Her word was my law. She said that she was not Phyllis Poynton, and to me she never was Phyllis Poynton. She was afraid of you, and I helped her to avoid you. I admit it. It is the extent of my failing in our friendship and you were warned."

"And now?"

"I am here now," Duncombe said, a little sadly, "because I love her and because I cannot keep away. But she will not see me, and I am no nearer solving the mystery than ever. On the contrary, I know that I am in danger here. It is possible that I may be driven to leave Paris tonight."

"You know where she is now?"

"Yes."

Andrew leaned suddenly over, and his grip was on Duncombe's shoulder like a vise.

"Then, I tell you, you shall see me," he said fiercely. "Don't you know, man, that Guy has been found in the Seine, robbed and drugged and murdered without a doubt? Do you want me to wait while something of the same sort happens to her? You shall tell me where she is, Duncombe. I say that you shall tell me."

Duncombe hesitated.

"You can do no more than I have done," he said.

"Then at least I will do as much," Andrew answered. "I am her oldest friend, and I have claims upon her which you never could have. Now that she is in this terrible trouble my place is by her side. If"—

"One moment, Andrew," Duncombe interrupted. "Are you sure that it was Guy Poynton who was found in the Seine? The height was given as five feet nine, and Guy Poynton was over six feet."

"You should read the papers," Andrew answered shortly. "He was identified by his sister."

"The papers said so," Duncombe answered hesitatingly, "but"—

"Look here," Andrew interrupted, "I have had enough of this playing with facts. You have grown too complex about this business altogether, Duncombe. Give me Phyllis Poynton's address."

"You shall have it," Duncombe answered, taking a leaf from his pocketbook and writing. "I don't think that it will be any good to you. I think that it is more likely to lead you into trouble. Miss Poynton is with the Marquis and Marquise de St. Eliot. They are of the first nobility in France. Their position as people of honor and circumstance appears undoubted. But nevertheless if you are allowed to see her I shall be surprised."

The hall porter approached them, hat in hand.

"A lady to see monsieur," he announced to Andrew.

Andrew rose and took his companion's arm. He scarcely glanced again toward Duncombe, who followed them out of the room. And there in the hall awaiting them was the young lady from Vienna, quietly dressed in black, but unmistakable with her pretty hair and perfumes. Duncombe watched them shake hands and move away before he could recover sufficiently from his first fit of surprise to intervene. Then a realization of what had happened rushed in upon him. They, too, then, had been to the Cafe Montmartre, with their obvious Anglicisms, their clumsy inquiries, to make of themselves without doubt the jest of that little nest of intriguers and afterward their tool. Doncombe thought of the fruits of his own inquiries there and shivered. He hurried after the little party, who were apparently on their way to the cafe.

"Andrew," he said, grasping him by the arm, "I must speak with you alone—at once."

"I see no object in any further discussion between us," Andrew said calmly.

"Don't be a fool!" Duncombe answered. "That woman you are with is a spy. If you have anything to do with her you are injuring Phyllis Poynton. She is not here to give you information. She is at work for her own ends."

"You are becoming more communicative, my friend," Andrew said, with something which was almost a sneer. "You did not talk so freely a few minutes back. It seems as though we were on the eve of a discovery."

"You are on the brink of making an idiot of yourself," Duncombe answered quickly. "You were mad to bring that blundering English detective over here. What the French police cannot or do not choose to discover, do you suppose that they would allow an Englishman to find out—a stranger to Paris and with an accent like that? If I cannot keep you from folly by any other means, I must break my word to others. Come back into the smoking room with me, and I will tell you why you are mad to have anything to do with that woman."

"Thank you," Andrew answered. "I think not. I have confidence in Mr. Lloyd, my friend here, and I have none in you."

"Andrew!"

"I speak as I feel."

"Leave me out of the question. It is Phyllis Poynton you will harm. I see that your friend is listening and mademoiselle is impatient. Make your excuses for ten minutes, Andrew. You will never regret it."

The detective, who had evidently overheard everything, stepped back to them.

"You will excuse my interfering, sir," he said, "but if this case is to remain in my hands at all it is necessary for me to hear all that Sir George Duncombe has to say. The young lady will wait for a moment. This case is difficult enough as it is, what with the jealousy of the French police, who naturally don't want us to find out what they can't. If Sir George Duncombe has any information to give now," the man added with emphasis, "which he withheld a few minutes ago, I think that I ought to hear it from his own lips."

"I agree entirely with what Mr. Lloyd has said," Andrew declared.

Duncombe shrugged his shoulders. He looked around him cautiously, but they were in a corner of the entresol, and no one was within hearing distance.

"Very well," he said. "To save you from danger and Miss Poynton from further trouble I am going to break a confidence which has been reposed in me, and to give you the benefit of my own surmises. In the first place, Mr. Lloyd is mistaken in supposing that the French police have been in the least puzzled by this double disappearance. On the contrary, they are perfectly well aware of all the facts of the case and can find Miss Poynton or her brother at any moment. They are working not for us, but against us!"

"Indeed!" Mr. Lloyd said in a tone of disbelief. "And their object?"

"Here is as much of the truth as I dare tell you," Duncombe said. "Guy Poynton while on the continent became the chance possessor of an important state secret. He was followed to France by spies from that country—we will call it Germany—and the young lady who awaits you so impatiently is, if not one of them, at least one of their friends. At the Cafe Montmartre he gave his secret away to people who are in some measure allied with the secret service police of France. He was kidnaped by them and induced to remain hidden by a trick. Meanwhile diplomacy makes use of his information, and foreign spies look for him in vain. His sister, when she came to search for him, was simply an inconvenience which these people had not contemplated. She was worked upon by fears concerning her brother's safety to go into hiding. Both have been well cared for, and the report of Guy's death is, I firmly believe, nothing but an attempt to lull the anxieties of the spies who are searching for him. This young woman here may be able to tell you into whose hands he has fallen, but you may take my word for it that she is greater in need of information than you are and that she is an exceedingly dangerous person for you to discuss the Poyntons with. These are the crude facts. I have only known them a few hours myself, and there is a good deal which I cannot explain. But this I honestly and firmly believe. Neither you nor I nor Mr. Lloyd here can do the slightest good by interfering in this matter. For myself, I am leaving for England tonight."

"Andrew," he said, grasping him by the arm, "I must speak with you alone."

Duncombe, like most honest men, expected to be believed. If he had entertained the slightest doubt about it, he would not have dared to open his mouth. The silence that followed he could understand. No doubt they were as amazed as he had been. But it was a different thing when he saw the expression on Andrew's face as he turned to his companion.

"What do you think of this, Lloyd?" he asked.

"I am afraid, sir," the man answered, "that some of the clever ones have been imposing upon Sir George. It generally turns out so when amateurs tackle a job like this."

Duncombe looked at him in astonishment.

"Do you mean to say that you don't believe me?" he exclaimed.

"I wouldn't put it like that, sir," the man answered, with a deprecating smile. "I think you have been misled by those who did not wish you to discover the truth."

Duncombe turned sharply on his heel.

"And you, Andrew?"

"I wish to do you justice," Andrew answered coldly, "and I am willing to believe that you have faith yourself in the extraordinary story you have just told us. But, frankly, I think that you have been too credulous."

Duncombe lost his temper. He turned on his heel and walked back into the hotel.

"You can go to the devil your own way," he declared.

(To be Continued.)

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Correct time of all passenger and freight trains leaving Dixon that carry passengers:

Corrected April 16.

South Bound.

No.		
*123	Southern Express	10:23 a. m.
131	Decatur Express	4:00 p. m.
191	Local Freight Train	9:45 a. m
133	Sunday Only	5:05 p. m.

North Bound.

No.		
*132	Ft. Dodge	9:45 a. m.
*124	Local Mail	5:20 p. m.
192	Local Freight	12:30 p. m.

*Daily.

Other trains daily except Sunday.

L. BACKUS,
Ticket Agent I. C. R. R.

CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN RY.

Correct time of all passenger trains leaving Dixon:

East Bound to Chicago.

No.	Lv. Dixon	Ar. Chicago
1	3:23 a. m. daily	6:45 a. m.
5	5:50 a. m. daily	8:30 a. m.
15	6:19 a. m. daily	8:55 a. m.
2	9:58 a. m. daily	12:20 p. m.
18*	7:10 a. m. ex Sun.	10:10 a. m.
20	10:19 a. m. ex Sun.	1:30 p. m.
14	3:55 p. m. ex Sun.	7:10 p. m.
12	6:02 p. m. daily	9:05 p. m.
22	4:15 p. m. Sunday	7:50 p. m.
8	9:14 a. m. daily	11:59 a. m.

West Bound From Chicago.

No.	Lv. Chicago	Ar. Dixon
3	10:45 p. m. daily	1:50 a. m.
27	Sunday only	12:01 p. m.
12	7:00 a. m. ex Sun.	10:23 a. m.
19	12:30 p. m. ex Sun.	3:44 p. m.
17*	4:00 p. m. ex Sun.	6:43 p. m.
25	6:05 p. m. daily	8:54 p. m.
11	9:25 a. m. daily	12:08 p. m.
1	6:00 p. m. daily	8:38 p. m.
7	10:01 p. m. daily	12:37 a. m.

*Sterling passenger.

Passenger to Peoria.

301 daily ex Sun. lv. Dixon 7:45 a. m.

H. FLANNERY,
Agent.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE

WILL CURE YOU

of any case of Kidney or Bladder disease that is not beyond the reach of medicine. Take it at once. Do not risk having Bright's Disease or Diabetes. There is nothing gained by delay.

50c. and $1.00 Bottles.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

ORINO

Laxative Fruit Syrup

Pleasant to take

The new laxative. Does not gripe or nauseate. Cures stomach and liver troubles and chronic constipation by restoring the natural action of the stomach, liver and bowels.

Refuse substitutes. Price 50c.

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Back to the farm! That's where you get good coffee.

None of that "fresh roasted loose by the pound" store stuff from nobody knows where, full of dust, atmosphere and soiled hands, but the real old, genuine egg and sugar coated Arbuckles' ARIOSA Coffee, which the folks keep in the original package and grind in the kitchen.

That's Coffee!

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Here is an opportunity to purchase a model ranch—well improved with a new house, barns, granaries, cattle sheds, hog houses, orchard of 80 trees—great variety of farm implements.

This ranch was awarded gold medal at St. Louis and Portland Expositions.

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For Drunkenness, Opium, Morphine and other Drug Habits, the Tobacco Habit and Neurasthenia.

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Little Gents' Satin Calf, 9 to 13½ 85c
Youths' Satin Calf, 1 to 2 .. $1.20
Boys' Satin Calf, 2½ to 5½ $1.40
Men's Satin Calf, 6 to 11, ... $1.50 and $1.75
Ladies' Dongola Shoes ... 98c
Ladies' Hamilton Brown Vici Kid $1.85
Men's Heavy Work Shoes ..... $1.50 and $1.75
Children's Shoes, heel, 5 to 8 60c
Infants Shoes, heel, 2 to 5 .. 50c
Infants' Shoes, no heel 2 to 5 40c
Infants' Shoes, soft sole, 2 to 5 ..... 25c
Boys Tennis Shoes ... 45c and 50c
Base Ball Shoes $1.75
Men's Patent Colt Skin ... $2.50
Hamilton Brown's Am. Gentlemen's $2.50

Buy your Shoes of MARKS—where you get the most for same money and pay less for same goods than elsewhere.

How to live on 10 cents a day. The body as well as the mind is benefitted by economy in eating. There's no health giver like a diet of Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. In a startling way it keeps you going. 35c. Tea or Tablets.

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DIXON DID, DIXON DOES,
DIXON WILL!

JOHN H. MOORE.

The death of John H. Moore touches the writer with an unusual sadness, as his departure out upon the shoreless ocean of time leaves him without a companion, of his early days in Dixon. He was a true friend and a most unselfish co-worker in the line of editorial work. Though ripe in years and fully prepared for Death's summons, he will be missed in this ending of a long and useful work; fearless labor for justice and right; truly righteous labor for the betterment of his fellow-beings. Many times has the subject of this editorial been called upon to speak of the good things accomplished by a departed neighbor and now, in all the obituaries that the writer has been called upon to publish we can but recall that

"Each friend snatched from us is a plume
Plucked from the wings of human vanity,
Which makes us stoop from our aerial heights."

LICENSE CATS?

Shall the domestic cat be licensed, with the result that all stray felines shall be exterminated? Society has voted that the stray dog is a nuisance. Why not the cat?

All this has cropped out as the result of a circular sent broadcast by the biological department of the Clark University, asking for views as to the rank of cats among the predatory pests of community life and also the advisability of licensing them.

Aside from their immediate destructiveness to bird life, the stray cat, it is suggested, may prove to be a sanitary menace. Rats have carried the Bubonic plague from port to port. What has the cat done for carrying disease from house to house?

But the specific questions propounded to the Audobon society were as follows:

Among the enemies of birds, what rank would you assign the cat?

How many native birds do you think an average cat in your neighborhood kills in a year?

Would you advocate making an owner responsible for the birds he allows his cat to kill?

Do you advocate licensing cats? Please state reasons for and against.

What laws or city ordinances would you favor to mitigate the present cat nuisance?

What private measures would you propose for this?

What public sentiment in your locality favors the extermination of all stray cats and all cats allowed to run at large?

These questions were brought up at a meeting of the Audubon society and provoked considerable discussion. Finally the members decided that an emphatic affirmative to the fourth question was as far as they need go.

"For us to estimate the number of birds killed in a year by the average cat would be merely guesswork," said one of the officials. "We do know that the slaughter is immense.

"Many and many a time the bird lover comes upon a nest torn to pieces, bits of twigs and feathers fluttering down among the branches These are familiar signs of the cat Of course the great damage is done during the breeding season. The young birds, helpless in the nests or hopping distractedly about on the ground, fall an easy prey.

That there was a merciful side in this propoganda was suggested by some of the Audobonites.

"People who cherish their cat would not mind getting out a license," argued one member. "The fee could be made merely nominal. But if the cats had to wear license tags the authorities would feel free to capture and put to death painlessly the wild brood that haunt the alleys, half frozen in winter, half-starved all the time, chased by dogs and boys and generally maltreated.

"Furthermore, if people had to license their cats, they would be more considerate about leaving them to shift for themselves during the summer outing."

SPOILING FOR A FIGHT

Seems To Be the Trouble with One Party in the Mikado's Dominions.

PORTENTOUS MOVE IS MAKING

Progressive Party Inclined to Sort of "Crowd" Your Uncle Sam.

Does Not Like the Status of the Frisco Dispute, Nor Our Laws Excluding Japanese Laborers.

Washington, June 10. — That the Japanese of the Pacific coast and the Progressives, a political party of Japan, have entered into an alliance which has the earmarks of an international conspiracy, with the overthrow of the present ministry in Japan and the amendment of the clause in the immigration bill excluding Japanese coolie labor from continental United States as the ultimate objects, is

VISCOUNT AOKI.

learned authoritatively here. The preliminary steps in this scheme, it is said, will be to induce the Tokio government to recall Viscount Aoki, the Japanese ambassador to the United States, and to demand an apology and perhaps an indemnity from this government for the alleged acts of violence against Japanese subjects residing in San Francisco.

Took Notes at Washington.

With this end in view representatives of the faction hostile to the Saionji ministry have been at Washington to consult with the Japanese ambassador and the state department officials regarding the objectionable clause in the immigration bill, the California school question and the recent riots in San Francisco. The report which they have sent to Tokio, it is alleged, will form the basis of a systematic campaign to bring about anti-United States demonstrations in Japan and to force Foreign Minister Hayashi, if possible, to demand indemnity and an apology on account of the Japanese disturbances in San Francisco.

Aoki Charged with Treachery.

These facts became known for the first time when it was learned that T. Takahashi, representative of the Seattle Japanese society; O. Noda, representative of the San Francisco Japanese society, and K. Kawakami, staff representative of the Yorozu (daily newspaper) of Tokio, came to Washington on April 21 and remained until May 12, during which time they were negotiating with the Japanese ambassador looking to the amendment of the Japanese immigration limitation law. This delegation failed in its purpose, and, it is stated, after charging Ambassador Aoki with treachery to the Japanese of the Pacific coast, and with misrepresenting conditions to his home government, they telegraphed to Ofutaka Yamaoka, the personal representative of Count Okuma, who was awaiting their report in Seattle, with the request that he communicate with the anti-administration leaders in Tokio.

JAPANESE EDITORIAL VIEW

What the Press of Tokio Is Saying About the Controversy.

Tokio, June 10.—In regard to the recent attack on a Japanese bath house and a restaurant in San Francisco the Jiji advises its readers not to believe that the unfriendly sentiments of San Francisco people are shared by the whole United States nation. The paper points out the danger to friendly relations between Japan and the United States which might result from such misapprehension. It also expresses full confidence that the Washington government will be able to settle the matter satisfactorily.

The Stoch suggests that the traditional friendship and the outrages suffered by Japanese in the United States are two things that must be kept distinctly separate in solving the question of assault on Japanese in San Francisco, which is now at issue. The Hochi says the outrage should be considered irrespective of the locality of the occurrence. Continuing, it says: "Should similar discrimination and persecution be practiced against citizens of a European power there would certainly have been the strongest outbursts of indignation on the part of the whole nation that suffered by them.

"The San Francisco incident concerns not only the rights of the Japanese there, but the honor of Japan. The future relations between Japan and the United States are involved in this question. Our demand must be firmly insisted upon and sentimental considerations set aside. Thus will the friendship of both nations be placed on a firm footing."

One Jap Ready to Fight.

Tokio, June 10. — Viscount Tosi, leader of the opposition in the house of peers, is reported to have said amid the United States: "The persecution of the Japanese in San Francisco is a most wicked act. Should diplomacy fail to bring about a satisfactory solution the only way open to us is an appeal to arms."

CABRERA ASSASSINATED?

That Is the Unconfirmed Story That Comes to the City of Mexico from Oaxaca.

City of Mexico, June 10.—The Associated Press office here has received a message from the Oaxaca Herald saying that a private message has been received in Oaxaca saying that President Cabrera, of Guatemala, has been assassinated. No further details could be obtained. Owing to the lateness of the hour it was difficult to see officials in an endeavor to corroborate the story. Minister Manuel Girou, the Guatemalan representative to Mexico, was seen at his home, but knew nothing of the alleged assassination.

The message conveying the report was received by the daughters of General Barrundia, who was formerly a president of Guatemala, and who himself was assassinated some years ago. The message follows: "The daughters of former President Barrundia, of Guatemala, who live in this town, have received a telegram from Guatemala saying that President Cabrera has been assassinated." President Barrundia was assassinated some years ago on board a United States war vessel.

PRESIDENT CARRIES A GUN

His Artillery Is Unmasked While He Is Officiating at a Masonic Corner Stone Laying.

Washington, June 10. — President Roosevelt goes armed. He is prepared to take care of himself in any emergency. It was disclosed during the ceremonies incident to the laying of the corner stone of Masonic temple, that the president carries a revolver, which he knows how to use. When the president arrived at the stand erected for the occasion a Masonic apron was produced for him to wear, he being a member of the order. In tying the apron it was necessary to disarrange his coat, and when it was pushed back to permit the tying of the apron strings a revolver came into view, projecting from the president's hip pocket.

The president's address on the occasion was an appeal to Masons to be good citizens and help uplift and enable the nation. The gavel and trowel used in the ceremony were the same George Washington, used in laying the corner stone of the Capitol and the Bible was the one used in initiating Washington.

Secretary Taft at Chicago.

Chicago, June 10.—Secretary of War Taft arrived in Chicago last night on a tour of inspection of western army posts. Besides visiting the posts Secretary Taft will address the students of several western universities. He left for Madison, Wis., early this morning.

Death of George W. Lininger.

Omaha, June 10.—George W. Lininger, a pioneer of this city, best known as the founder and owner of the Lininger art gallery, is dead, aged 73 years. Lininger was born at Chambersburg, Pa., in 1834, but raised in Peru, Ind. He came here for his health.

Harry New to Speak at Kansas City

Kansas City, June 10.—Harry S. New, of Indianapolis, chairman of the national Republican committee, has accepted an invitation to attend and address the tenth annual banquet of the Missouri Republican club, to be held in Kansas City on June 18.

Ann Arbor Professor to Go East.

Boston, June 10.—Professor Arthur Fairbanks, of Ann Arbor, Mich., has accepted the position of director of the Boston Museum of Fine Arts. For the past few years he has been professor of Greek at the University of Michigan.

NEWS FACTS IN OUTLINE

The board of trustees of the Forest Home Cemetery association, of Milwaukee, has put a ban on Sunday funerals.

Dorchester, Mass., is celebrating the 277th anniversary of its founding.

It is reported that Mrs. Howard Gould is about to ask the supreme court for alimony of $250,000 a year.

It is estimated that damage to the amount of from $3,000,000 to $6,000,000 was caused by the cyclone which swept over Kurrachi, India, June 6.

General William Booth, head of the Salvation Army, has arrived at Seattle on his way around the world.

The eighth International Red Cross conference began at London today and will continue five days.

The national conference of charities will meet at Minneapolis June 12 to 19. Archbishop Ireland will preach the annual sermon.

President Roosevelt will leave Washington for his summer home at Oyster Bay on Wednesday.

The Hague peace congress will assemble on June 15 and representatives of forty-six countries will be in attendance.

HAVOC IN A TEMPEST

Brings Death to Forty Persons in Communities in Kentucky, Illinois and Indiana.

TWENTY-NINE ALREADY DEAD

Balance of the Two-Score Made Up of Fatally Hurt.

Loss of Property Reaches Up Into Hundreds of Thousands of Dollars—Wind and Rain Do the Destruction.

Chicago, June 10. — Twenty-nine known dead and forty persons injured constitute the list of casualties resulting from storms of tornado severity which swept over southern Illinois and Indiana and central Kentucky. These fatal visitations came in the shape of torrents of rain, high winds and electrical disturbances. The property damage will reach many thousands of dollars. Houses were swept away, bridges demolished and thousands of acres of growing crops destroyed.

Louisville, June 10. — Twenty-one persons dead, the village devastated and several thousand acres of growing crops ruined, is the sum total of the havoc wrought by a rain torrent that descended on Gradyville, Ky., and vicinity. All the dead are residents of Gradyville, and although reports are meager, owing to the remoteness of the place and the prostration of telephone and telegraph wires, it is believed that no further fatalities will be reported from the surrounding country.

List of Those Who Died.

The dead are: Mrs. L. C. Nall, wife of State Senator Nall, and her four children; Mrs. Lum Hill and one child; Mrs. Carl Willmore, her daughter and granddaughter; Paul Wilson, 18 years old; Mrs. Hartfield Moss and her six children; Mrs. J. W. Keltner and one child; Miss Mary Muse. All but two of the bodies have been recovered.

Rains Create a "Tidal Wave."

The disaster was due to the erratic behavior of Big creek, ordinarily a small stream, but which was already swollen by recent rains. When the storm precipitated three inches of rain in an hour on Gradyville and vicinity the creek temped from its bed and took a new course with the impetuosity of a tidal wave. The inhabitants of Gradyville had no warning and nearly all were abed when the foaming waters struck the place carrying away six large residences, a mill and a number of smaller houses. Nearly all the victims were drowned, but four were crushed by the collapse of their dwellings when the torrent struck them.

DEATH FOR ELEVEN PERSONS

Three Killed and Eight Fatally Wounded at York, Ill.

York, Ill., June 10.—Three persons are dead and eight fatally injured as a result of a tornado which practically wiped out this town. The loss to property is estimated at $50,000. The damage to timber, fruit and crops will be more than $100,000. The dead are: Henry Rock, 60 years old, Terre Haute, Ind.; Mrs. Lucinda Pinkerton, 60 years old, York, Ill.; Mrs. John Bostick, York, Ill. Fatally injured—Clyde Scott, B. F. Miller, Mrs. B. F. Miller, Mrs. S. F. Freeman, Annabel Newman, all of York, Ill.; James Layton, Gradyville, Ind.; Mrs. Lydia Foster, York, Ill.; Mrs. James Layton, Grayville, Ind.

Without warning the storm broke while most of the people were at supper. Entire families were buried in ruins of houses, and it is remarkable that the death list is not greater. The storm lasted less than four minutes. Henry Rock, of Terre Haute, who owns a valuable lumber mill here, had just returned from the home of a neighbor with a pail of milk. He was picked up sixty yards from the house, having been struck on the head by flying timbers. Mrs. Lydia Pinkerton was blown into the top of a tree several hundred feet from the house. She died in a few minutes. Mrs. John Bostick was buried in the ruins of her home just across the river from York. She died without regaining consciousness.

The Methodist Protestant church was demolished and the proprietor of a saloon across the street was hurled through his door into a thick hedge fifty feet away. Many horses and cattle were blown away, and the carcasses apparently fell into the Wabash river and were washed away. Heavy damage also was caused at Grayville, Ind., east of here. The home of James Layton was demolished. Layton was blown out of his house and buried under the ruins. He is believed to be fatally injured. Mrs. Layton also sustained dangerous injuries.

TORNADO STRIKES IN IOWA

Dozen Families Homeless at Pleasant Valley—Four Persons Injured.

Des Moines, Ia., June 10.—A dozen families are homeless, several persons are injured, and property is damaged to the extent of $25,000 as a result of a tornado which passed through Pleasant valley. No loss of life is reported. The storm took its way toward the east, wiping out all in its path. The first house of any size to be destroyed was that belonging to Elmer Baker. The structure was completely demolished, as well as the furniture.

The place of William Harvey was destroyed to such an extent that it will of necessity be torn down. His barn is also wrecked. The family went into the storm cellar and escaped with their lives, sustaining no injuries. The new home of Marion Howser and that of his brother Ira were torn and twisted from their foundations and blown on their sides. The trees at this point, some of which are two feet in diameter, were uprooted. After demolishing the barn of Albert Hickman the storm made its departure over an open field toward the northeast. Throughout Marion the damage is to growing crops and will be large.

HEAVY DAMAGE NEAR DUQUOIN

About $300,000 in Town and Vicinity—Mrs. Kegley's Escape.

Duquoin, Ill., June 10.—According to telephone reports from the surrounding farming community it is estimated that the loss caused by the cyclone which visited this county will reach $150,000, including crops, fruit and property. The damage in this city will amount to nearly as much, being distributed among residence property and surface mine structures. In several instances large barns were lifted and carried a distance of a half mile. A wooden corn crib of the Jupiter mine, north of the city, was caught in the path of the storm and broken into splinters. At least two dozen residences in the north and east part of the city were wrecked.

Mrs. Martin Kegley, residing at Sunfield, north of this city, had a remarkable escape from injuries. The buggy in which she was riding was caught in the full force of the cyclone and carried fully fifty yards. She was violently thrown to the ground, but escaped with slight injuries. The vehicle was swept some distance through a field and demolished.

At New Minden the storm killed five persons, whose names are not known yet, and injured half a dozen others.

DEATH IN A TROLLEY CRASH

Two Passengers Killed and Another Due to Die at Los Angeles.

Los Angeles, June 10.—Two passengers, a man and a woman, were almost instantly killed and upwards of fifteen others were more or less seriously injured early in the evening when a city bound trolley car of the Los Angeles Railway company jumped the track while rounding a sharp curve at Colorado and Center streets, and turned completely over. The car was going at a high rate of speed.

The dead are: Gwendolin Burroughs, Grass Valley, Cal., and Fred Yont, Los Angeles. Seriously injured—Jack Green, back broken, injured internally, will die.

Root Invited to Visit Mexico.

Washington, June 10. — Ambassador Creel, of Mexico, has presented to Secretary of State Root an autograph letter from President Diaz, of Mexico, inviting Root to go to Mexico as the guest of the Mexican republic. Root has accepted the invitation, notifying President Diaz through Ambassador Creel that he will visit Mexico in the latter part of the summer.

Lapham Doing Well.

Edward Lapham, who is at Annapolis, Md., preparing to enter the naval academy, will take his final examination on the 18th of this month. Mr. Lapham has spent a great deal of effort in his long preparation and his many friends in this city sincerely hope for his success.

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Walking, Riding and Combined

Corn Cultivators

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The Rock Island Line,
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We also sell the old reliable

Rock Island Hay Loader

Call and see our line of Buggies, Surreys, Road Wagons and Driving Harness.

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105-113 Peoria Ave. Dixon, Ill.

LIGHTNING PLAYS QUEER FREAKS SOMETIMES

Stockton News: While planting corn near Nora last week Mr. Huston Burns had a queer experience and one which most of us do not care to have. He was at the end of the row and in the act of staking down the checkrow wire when a flash of lightning at the opposite end of the field was seen and in an instant Mr. Burns felt a shock and saw fire flying in every direction. The shock nearly knocked him down, but he managed to get loose from the wire. Word was sent out that he was killed, but he still lives and is receiving congratulations that his life was spared. His team was frightened and ran away, breaking his planter into numerous pieces.

Young People Wed.

Charles Crum, the popular and successful teacher at Eldena for the last five years, was married to Miss Lela Shoemaker, the accomplished daughter of Mrs. Martha Shoemaker, in Eldena Sunday evening at five o'clock, at the home of the bride's mother. There were only a few specially invited guests present. After the ceremony a sumptuous wedding dinner was served. In a few days the newly married couple will leave for the southern part of the state to visit relatives and friends, after which they will leave for Oklahoma, where they intend to make their future home. We wish them abundant success. Eldena is the loser of a very promising young couple, but we take consolation in the thought of being able to send such good and successful people to the new state.

Pleased With Texas.

Roy Tanquary and wife have returned from their trip to Texas and Mexico. Mr. Tanquary is well pleased with that country and in time will make Texas his home.

COUNTY BOARD IN SESSION TODAY

VARIOUS COMMITTEES ARE NOW AT WORK—VISIT POOR FARM TUESDAY.

The board of supervisors met at the court house at 2 o'clock this afternoon and made a start at the transaction of some very important business. The session of the board will be a busy one and the members will remain here for several days.

Not much business is being done by the board as a body this afternoon, but the committees are all at work.

At this session of the body the judges for election will be chosen, the polling places will be named and the grand jurors for the September term of circuit court will be selected.

The board will probably visit the county farm tomorrow.

AMBOY BUSY RAILWAY CENTER

DURING MAY 21,502 CARS WERE HANDLED IN ILLINOIS CENTRAL YARDS.

During the past month 21,502 cars were handled in the Illinois Central yards in Amboy. This means better than 21 trains a day were made up there. Agent Carmichael says that there is every indication that there will be no let up in the business for at least many months.

Recovering From Injuries.

Dixon friends of J. D. Bausan of Sublette will be pleased to learn that he is recovering from the injuries he received in a recent runaway. For a time it was feared he could not survive.

Dry GOODS

LESLIE BROS.

Crockery SHOES

Women's and Children's Shoe Department

Children's Fancy Scroll Front Shoes, made of good grade kid warranted for durability, at 50c, 60c, 70c per pair.

Misses' ½ Double Sole, plump kid Shoes, workmanship and style of A 1 quality. These shoes are solid leather throughout. Prices 98c, $1.10, $1.35 a pair.

White Canvas Gibson Ties, large celluloid eyelets, 50c, 80c, $1.00 and $1.15 per pair.

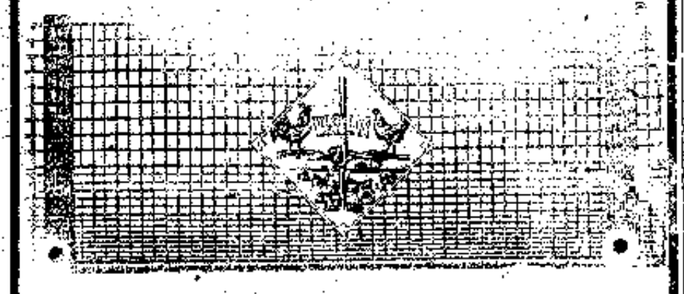
Boys' Satin Calf Lace Shoes, double soles, made for hard wear, $1.10, $1.15 a pair.

Women's All Patent Leather, Gibson Ties, new military heels and patent tip, a pair 1.50, $1.98

AMERICAN FENCE

Is the best, heaviest and strongest SQUARE MESH Field Fence made. Heights 26, 32, 39 and 47 in.

UNION-LOCK Poultry Netting.



We have sold thousands of rods of this over a period of six years, with the greatest of satisfaction to our customers.

ELLWOOD Field Fence

Is the BEST DIAMOND MESH FENCE.

E. N. HOWELL HARDWARE CO

IT HAS ALWAYS BEEN

Our rule to sell only reliable goods, and to offer no article that will not give satisfactory service. Bearing in mind the necessity of providing qualities as reasonable in price as is consistent with true economy, inserting customers the certainty of our furnishing the goods desired at the lowest prices for which the articles are obtainable.

Spring Suits $10 to $20

THE LION BRAND SHIRTS for this season are matchless. Our line is complete. ...$1.00

JOE PETERSBERGER

113 FIRST ST SIGN RED TRUNK. DIXON, ILL

LOWDEN TO SPEAK AT FARMERS' PICNIC

The Stephenson County Farmers' association will hold its annual picnic at Damascus on Thursday, June 20. An interesting program is being arranged and Col. F. O. Lowden will be the speaker of the day.

Miss Grant Recovers.

The many friends of Miss Grant, who is ill in a Chicago hospital, will be pleased to know that she has recovered sufficiently to be removed to her home next Wednesday if her condition remains as favorable as it now is.

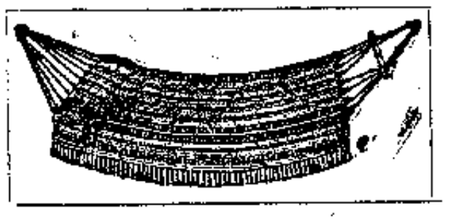
Sister Is Ill.

Herman Fedderson, one of the valued workers at the Sandusky cement works, has been called to Chicago on account of the illness of his sister.

Jacob Wohnke and wife of Amboy spent Sunday with Mrs. Margaret Buckaloo in North Dixon.

LESLIE BROS. Dry Goods

Sale of Hammocks



A Bright New Line, bought before the recent advances and all to be sold at the Lowest Prices.

We call special attention to two extra values at $1.50 and $2.00 each.

Other Grades 98c to $4.50 each.

ALUMNI BANQUET HELD AT ASHTON

HIGH SCHOOL HOLDS THE FIRST EVENT OF THIS KIND ON SATURDAY NIGHT.

BALDWIN DELIVERS THE ADDRESS

The Association Now Numbers Sixty Members and Dates Back to the Year 1874.

Ashton, June 10.—The Alumni association of the Ashton High school held its first annual banquet Saturday evening in the opera house.

The hall had been beautifully decorated with flags and banners. The Ashton orchestra was seated behind a bank of ferns and palms and furnished excellent music during the entire evening.

The guests, who numbered over a hundred, assembled in the north end of the hall and spent about an hour in social converse and renewing old acquaintances. At about 8:30 o'clock the classes were called in order and seated at the tables which had been placed in the south end of the hall and handsomely decorated with flowers and smilax.

The four-course supper which had been prepared by the B. Y. L. club was delicious and elegantly served, and it was fully appreciated by the guests.

After the banquet Toastmaster John G. Charters arose and after a few introductory remarks and a few words to the eight new members of the association, called on the president, of the class of '07, Miss Clara Batchelor, who responded in a very pleasing manner.

The next speaker on the program was Joseph M. Callahan, of '95, who was to speak on the topic "The Old Days." As he was unable to be present, the next speaker in order, Miss Katherine M. Griffith of '96, gave a much appreciated talk on "Afterwards."

The next speaker was Prof. V. R. McKnight, father of our alumni. His talk was on "The Relation of the Alumni to the High School." The next speaker, Mrs. Mary Lone Spanner, of '92, who would have spoken on "Before and After," was not present, so the next speaker, Supt. H. V. Baldwin of the North Dixon schools, and a former professor here, gave a toast on "Reminiscences," which was highly appreciated.

As the midnight hour had arrived, the toastmaster had no time to call for impromptu speeches, so with a very few appropriate remarks the evening's entertainment was drawn to a close.

This was the first annual banquet given by the association and it was a grand success. The association now numbers over sixty and the members date back to 1874, when the first class, three in number, was graduated from the school.

WAS BADLY BEATEN AND ROBBED

STERLING MAN GOES TO CLINTON, IA., AND IS RELIEVED OF FIFTY DOLLARS.

Harry Dorstler of Sterling has seen the sights of Clinton, Ia., but the experience cost him dearly. Dorstler is a workman employed on the Hennepin dam and received a month's pay last Saturday, and hearing of the wonderful sights to be seen in the town town, boarded a train at an early hour in the evening and went to the Mississippi river city and became acquainted with some of its population, with the result that he was badly beaten up and robbed of $50 and a suit of clothes.

Leech Weds Couple.

Justice William Leech united Ora Guy McNinch and Emma P. Tompkins both of Rock Falls in marriage at the court house Monday. The wedding was performed in the county court room and those who had assembled at the tax sale were the guests.

These May Wed.

Charles Crum, Eldena	26
Lela Shoemaker, same	18
Ora Guy McNinch, Rock Falls	21
Emma P. Tompkins, same	22
William E. Swape, Compton	26
Eva L. Graf, Brooklyn	21
Henry E. Hagen, Steward	24
Edna N. Gigous, Woosung	21

GRAND DETOUR.

Grand Detour, June 10.—A. L. Palmer and J. French went to a village near Mendota Monday to get their ditching machine, and Thursday moving it to Wisconsin, where Johnson & Palmer have a large contract for ditching.

Mrs. Clara Hewett of Chicago is here for a short time at her cottage.

John Warner has gone to Earlville to put in a bridge for Mr. Hoyt there.

Mr. Pinkham, wife and daughter were entertained to supper on Tuesday evening by Mr. Wilson at the Sheffield house.

Will Mow went to Chicago on Wednesday.

C. A. Sheffield drove to Dixon on Wednesday.

Mrs. Wilson returned to her home in Chicago Wednesday.

Mr. Homer Hilliker of Crook, Wisconsin, is here for a few weeks visiting his mother, Mrs. Nancy Palmer, and other relatives.

Chester Ashton and Franklin Gorham took horses to the village Friday.

Carl Lowrie of Dixon visited Clarence Gorham Sunday.

Miss Catherine Ashton and daughter, Miss Sue Chase, of New Berlin, New York, are visiting with relatives here.

Miss Inez Pinkham went to Dixon Thursday to spend a few days with Miss Nell Weed.

Mesdames W. H. Sheffield and Hewett drove to Dixon Thursday.

Mrs. Sarah Nott is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Bisinger, near Dixon.

C. W. Johnson is improving the house by painting it a pretty color. A. Stokes and Will Wood of Dixon are doing the work.

M. S. Sheffield drove to Dixon Saturday.

Mrs. H. C. Earll closed her school Friday and on the 14th, next Friday, will have graduating exercises at the Christian church.

Will Valth and family drove to Nelson on Saturday to spend Sunday with his parents.

Mrs. Ann Wood spent Saturday and Sunday in Sterling with her daughter, Mrs. Hem. Mangers.

Victor Jones, wife and son visited here with Mrs. Jones' parents, Mr. and Mrs. Will Moll, Sunday.

C. A. Sheffield is having the corner store painted red, papered and will soon put in a stock of groceries.

C. W. Munns and wife of Dixon spent Sunday with his sister, Mrs. Will Van Dyke, and family.

Miss Daniel Moore has gone to Penrose to spend some time with her daughter, Mrs. Fred McCrelle.

John Enoksen is working with J. Warner at Earlville.

S. Prettyman, wife and daughter visited his brother, Otis, and family Sunday.

BOATS NOW PLY ON CANAL FEEDER

PLEASURE PARTIES CAN NOW ROW ON BENNETT'S FOR TWO MILES.

The Hennepin canal feeder at Sterling is now open for boating, and the boats can ply on the canal waters as far down the feeder as the Golden road, or a distance of over two miles. For some time past the water has been kept back by coffer dams but these have been removed and the water now covers the canal bed. The water is not deep enough to admit of anything but row boats. This will prove a favorite boating place, and no doubt many will soon be using the canal for pleasure parties, until the novelty wears off, at least.

SOUTH DIXON.

South Dixon, June 10.—Mrs. Chas. Pitts has gone to Dakota to spend the summer with her daughters.

Harry Freed is laid up with blood poison in his hand, caused by pinching it in the corn planter.

Little Teddy Lloyd has been ill for several days.

In the middle ages there was what was called "trial by ordeal." An accused man was invited to plunge his arm into boiling water or to walk blind-folded over red-hot plowshares. Unless he could do one or the other without harm he was hanged. In New York another kind of ordeal has been invented. A man who was accused of murdering a woman was taken to where her decaying corpse was and compelled to put his hand on her forehead and answer whether he killed her. It is said that he swooned, which was not remarkable, and that when he came to he confessed—that another man did it. The twentieth century is not so much ahead of the dark ages, after all.

AMBOY TO HAVE SEWER SYSTEM

LOCAL IMPROVEMENT BOARD LETS CONTRACT TO J. M. EGAN.

CONSTRUCTION COST $7021.67

Cricket Ball Teams Clash in a Series of Games This Week—Losers to Banquet Winners.

[illegible] improvement on the city [illegible] and at an early hour Monday office were for the consideration of bids for the proposed new city sewer. The work this was under supervision of Engineer Ryan, by J. M. Egan [illegible] for $7021.67, the other bids being as follows: [illegible] for $7[illegible], and the contract was awarded to Egan as the lowest bidder.

The contract calls for the placing of sewers through the following streets of the city: Beginning at the corner in Dixon and Plant streets south on Plant and on Jefferson avenue, to Center street, west on Center street to Adams avenue where connection will be made with the Adams avenue sewer, from the corner of Dixon and Jones streets, south on Jones, pass Main street to the alley south of street, thence east to Adams [illegible] south on Mendoff and Division streets, south on Mendoff to Division, thence south on Rock Street to connect with the line on Jones street, near the Main street crossing.

Basket Ball.

The basket ball teams of the Amboy High school, the Blues and the Reds, are playing a series of games Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of this week. On Sunday the Blues defeated the Reds, 9 to 8. The winners of two games will be banqueted by the losers.

The Amboy High school baseball team played the Rock Falls High school team in that place last Saturday. The score stood 11 to 6 in favor of Amboy, the second victory of the Amboy team over the Rock Falls players.

MILK COMPANY READY TO BUILD

NEW PLANT AT STERLING—THE WORK ON STRUCTURE IS COMMENCED TODAY.

The Chicago & Northwestern railroad has completed the laying of the switch track to the plant of the Gail-Borden company west of Sterling. Monday morning a train of fifteen cars was backed to the site of the building. The cars were loaded mostly with building material, although there is well drilling machinery in the consignment. In addition to the cars on the track, a forty horse power stationery boiler has arrived to be used to drill the well.

ABLE TO SWIM; GAD ESCAPES DROWNING

Sterling Gazette: Otto Behrends, the seven year old son of J. E. Behrends, gateman for the Chicago & Northwestern railroad at the First avenue crossing, came very close to drowning in Rock river Sunday evening and had he not been an adept at swimming, he would have met a watery grave.

Clinton Mossholder went back to Chicago this morning after spending Sunday in Dixon.

George C. Loveland and wife left this morning on their trip through Norway and Sweden.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Prices the Merchants of Dixon Are Paying For Products at Twelve O'Clock.

Dixon, Ill., June 10, 1907.

Eggs	13c
Butter	16c
Potatoes	50c
Chickens	23
Lard, country	11

Quoted by Geo. D. Laing.

Corn	47 1-2
White oats	40
Mixed oats	38

Patterson & Gilteman.

Hogs—Heavy, 5.25; light, 5.80.

Cattle, canners and cutters, 1 1-2 to 2 cents.

Fat cows and heifers, $3 to $3.15.

STEVE ADAMS IS NEXT

Man Whom Orchard Accuses of Being His Accomplice to Follow Orchard.

HE CONFESSED WHEN ARRESTED

But Has Since Repudiated His Confession, Though Sworn To.

Many Important Witnesses for the State Yet To Be Heard at Boise—Orchard Remains Unshaken.

Boise, Ida., June 10.—Steve Adams, another prisoner within a for the state in the case against W. D. Haywood, is now on his way to Boise, coming from the jail at Wallace, where he is held pending trial on the charge of murder. Adams, according to Harry Orchard, was the partner and assistant in many of the "murders of unspeakable horror," so-called and unconscionable, to which the latter has made confession. Adams also confessed last year, but unlike Orchard he spoke and repudiated the document when he faced the gallows. The confession is, however, known to and in writing. It shows careful preparation and intermeddling in Adams' own handwriting.

His Confession Will Be Used.

After Orchard the state will probably put Adams on the stand. Counsel for the prosecution admits the possibility that Adams will refuse to testify, but they point out that if he refuses on the ground that it will incriminate him his appearance will have served its purpose. His confession would be used against him, too, if he should take the witness stand and repudiate it the sworn confession will be placed before the jury for what it is worth. There is some doubt as to what course Adams will follow.

Notable Men as Witnesses.

The arrival of witnesses is an interesting feature of the case. Men whose names have been connected with the history of the mining troubles began in Idaho and Colorado are seen continually on the streets, in the court or hotel lobbies. Angus Sutherland, the little Scotchman who was sheriff of Shoshone county in the Coeur d'Alenes, himself a famous gun fighter; the marshal of Victor, Colo, who went through the stirring times of trouble there in 1903 and 1904; Bulkeley Wells, ex-adjutant general of Colorado, who dug up the bomb planted to kill Governor Peabody, and who was in charge of the special train that ran from Denver to Boise with Haywood, Moyer and Pettibone, and others as prominent, or nearly so, are here to testify.

Orchard Hard to Tangle.

The cross-examination of Orchard is likely to last through today and tomorrow, and possibly longer. Orchard has now been on the stand for fourteen hours in direct and cross-examination. Of this the state had him in hand for seven and a half hours. The coolest man in court is Orchard. Under Richardson's grilling or gruelling he has seldom changed the pitch of his voice. His answers come promptly and without hesitation. So far he has not been caught in any material contradiction. From time to time he has actually corrected the record itself when his answers of the day before have been read and the transcription shows an error. At times in reply to an assertion made by Richardson he is positive in the extreme. "I made no such statement," or "I said nothing of the kind" is a frequent answer.

AIR LINE ROAD STILL WAVES

Receiver Appointed by One Judge Vacated by Another and the Fight Resting Until Tomorrow.

Chicago, June 10.—George F. Hull, of Indianapolis, took charge of the affairs of the Chicago-New York Electric Air Line company as receiver, by appointment of Judge Seaborn, of the United States circuit court, and after nine hours' occupation of the company's offices was dispossessed by Judge Kohlsaat, also of the federal circuit court. Hull was appointed receiver of the company on Saturday on a petition filed by W. E. Webster and A. J. Kreley, both of Indianapolis. Hull's bond was fixed at $40,000.

At 1 p. m. yesterday F. H. Wood, an official of the Air Line company, found Hull in possession, and declaring that the bond filed by Hull was faulty tore down the official notice. Upon the return to the city last night of Judge Kohlsaat F. H. Wood and his brother, I. G. Wood, the latter being counsel for the company, appeared before him at his home. Judge Kohlsaat decided that the sureties on the bond were not good and ordered the receiver to vacate. He set the case for hearing June 11.

Negro Lynched for Murder.

Rushville, Miss., June 10.—Charged with and confessing having shot and killed Lee Reynolds, a white man, Leo Fox, a negro, was lynched by a mob of about fifty men near Indianola. Reynolds was shot as he was leaving a hall where Fox had lost considerable money at a gaming table.

Pay Demanded for Waiting Time.

Buffalo, N. Y., June 10.—Eighty or handlers employed at the Buffalo Union Furnace company's docks are out on strike. The men demand pay for the time they are on the docks waiting the arrival of ore boats.

CLOVER, TIMOTHY,

Lawn Grass, Millet, Buckwheat, Sugar Cane, Kaffir Corn and a large line of bulk GARDEN SEEDS.

POULTRY SUPPLIES

Shell, Grit, Bone, Meat Meal, Blood Meal, Beef Scraps, Baby Chick and other Poultry Food.

Geo. D. Laing

BOTH PHONES 53 98 GALENA AVE

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of John Calvin Pratt, deceased.

The undersigned, having been appointed executor of the last will and testament of John Calvin Pratt, late of the County of Lee and State of Illinois, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the County Court of Lee County, at the Court House in Dixon, at the August Term, on the First Monday in August, next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this 6th day of June, A. D. 1907.

CHARLES E. PRATT, Executor.

C. H. DAVISON, Attorney. 6-13-4w

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Peter O. Boyer, deceased.

The undersigned, having been appointed executor of the last will and testament of Peter O. Boyer, late of the County of Lee and State of Illinois, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the County Court of Lee County, at the Court House in Dixon, at the August Term, on the First Monday in August, next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this 6th day of June, A. D. 1907.

CHARLES E. BOYER, Executor.

C. H. DAVISON, Attorney. 6-13-4w

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of John F. Schlenker, deceased.

The undersigned, having been appointed administrator of the estate of John F. Schlenker, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the County Court of Lee County, at the Court House in Dixon, at the August Term, on the First Monday in August, next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this 4th day of June, A. D. 1907.

CHARLES F. SCHLENKER, Administrator.

WILLIAM H. LAKIN, Attorney. 6-13-4w

See H. O. Boyer, North Dixon, C. A. Ling, of the Ling Plumbing company or William Kline on the Franklin road, if you wish to know what can be done for rheumatism of the shoulder and arm. A score of other names might be given, some of which perhaps are your neighbors.

See M. M. Aldon, the Osteopath, in the Loveland Building. Consultation and Examination Free. 4-1-tf

WHY DR. PRETTYMAN?

There are a good many reasons why Dr. Prettyman should be employed in chronic and nervous troubles. He is well established and his many years of practice have been productive of much good to the community. He has demonstrated his ability and honesty. The progressiveness of his ideas and methods have placed him in the front rank of the specialists of the day and his work has been accepted as a notable example of success in the field of medicine.

Every case that comes before him gets the most careful and painstaking examination and opinion. You can depend upon Dr. Prettyman. You can consult him free at the Nachusa Hotel Wednesday, June 12th.

Low Rates to Pacific Coast Via the Chicago, Union Pacific & Northwestern Line.

Very low rates for the round trip will be in effect to San Francisco and Los Angeles daily June 8th to 14th and June 22nd to July 5th ($3.00 additional for N. E. A. membership fee). Also to Portland, Tacoma, Seattle and North Pacific Coast points June 26th to July 12th. June 26th to July 12th to Spokane. Liberal return limits. Variable routes. Favorable stop-over arrangements. For tickets and full information apply to any ticket agent of the Northwestern Line.

WEST BROOKLYN AND ROSS GRADUATE SEVEN PUPILS

Superintendent I. F. Edwards was the speaker of the evening at the graduation exercises of the Ross and West Brooklyn schools, which were held in the West Brooklyn opera house on Saturday evening. The hall was packed with interested patrons. The class numbered seven and Mr. Edwards presented the diplomas.

Miss Beulah Schmucker of Sterling was a visitor in Dixon Saturday afternoon.

Frank B. Wilson and family of Woosung spent Sunday with the T. J. Miller family.

JUDGE FREMONT WOOD.

Judge Wood, presiding at the trial of William D. Haywood at Boise, is a down east "Yankee" who about twenty-six years ago moved to Idaho and began the practice of the law. He is now a little past fifty years of age. That he has prospered in his profession is indicated by his rapid rise to the bench. For some years he has been one of the best known attorneys in Idaho. Judge Wood is said to be quite different from the traditional judge, lacking the owl-like solemnity of the old bench. He knows how to appreciate a joke

RAILROADS ACT WATCH RESULTS

THEY MAKE THEIR FIRST MOVE IN THE TWO-CENT RATE GAME.

AFTER JULY 1 NO EXCURSIONS

Two Trains Will Be Taken Off By the Northwestern—Laying Off All Surplus Men.

There will be no more excursions, excursion rates, party ticket rates, or anything else after July 1, when the two-cent rate bill goes into effect. The roads affiliated with the Western Passenger association, and they are about all that are in the business have agreed to cut-out all such accommodations. They say that a two-cent rate is about the same as a fare and a third rate for the round trip, and further that it is necessary to retrench expenses.

Cutting Off Trains.

All of the roads are laying off all the men they can possibly spare, and trains that are not absolutely necessary are being discontinued. The new Northwestern time table which will go into effect tomorrow will show that trains have been taken off. One is a through west bound passenger train and the other is the east bound morning fast mail.

The officials of the Illinois Central announced this morning that the excursion to be run to Madison, Wis., Sunday, June 16, would be the last to be conducted by this road.

BUILDING COMPLETE BY JUNE 20

OPENING AND DEDICATION OF Y. M. C. A. HOME WILL OCCUR THEN.

The Y. M. C. A. building will be fully completed and furnished by the 20th of this month. It is not yet decided when the formal dedication will take place, but it will be announced about the first of next week or as soon as the negotiations for the speakers and so on are completed. The top floor of the building which will be used for a dormitory. is entirely finished and some of the rooms are already occupied.

ASHTON SCHOOL COMMENCEMENT

WILL TAKE PLACE THIS EVENING AT VILLAGE OPERA HOUSE.

The nineteenth annual commencement of the Ashton High school will occur this evening at the opera house in that city. The members of the class are as follows: Leo Newcomer, Emma Christina Helbenthal, Emma Cathrin Krug, Mary Adeline Stevenson, Eliza Gusslah Griffith, Sarah Frances Batchelor, Rosa Christina Kersten and Harry L. Billmire.

An Advertisement

in the European

Edition of the

New York Herald

reaches men and women who are abroad to spend money. It comes to them as a friend. It is read with care. Its suggestions are welcome.

There is no medium than an advertiser can use that nearly approaches it in business velocity power.

Names of persons registering from cities other than New York will also be transmitted to their home newspapers for publication.

HUNTER'S LICENSES ARE HERE

CITY AND COUNTY CLERKS EACH HAVE A LARGE SUPPLY ON HAND.

City Clerk Blake Grover this morning received the blank hunters' licenses for the coming season. The licenses were received from State Game Warden John A. Wheeler. Licenses will also be received by County Clerk Thompson and in a short time the hunters of the vicinity will be busy depositing their cart wheels for one of the little papers that will give them the right to get busy.

REMINISCENCES OF DIXON SOME FORTY YEARS AGO

Following will be found another installment of happenings of interest in the sixties, with many familiar names in the column:

March 31, 1865. The "Dixon Musical association" consisting of thirty members, performed the oratorio of "Queen Esther" at Union hall

April 14. Sadness was thrown over the entire town by the news of the assassination of the president, Abraham Lincoln. A large meeting of citizens was held in front of the court house, at which resolutions were adopted appropriately expressing the sorrow of the people.

In the summer of 1865. Col. Dement erected part of the large stone building now occupied by the plow factory of Charles H. Curtis. It was soon after extended to its present dimensions of 80x140 feet, four stories high.

August 2. A woolen mill was started by F. McMartin in the building enlarged by Mr. Godfrey, the year previous. At the close of 1865 Mr. McMartin also started a grist mill in the same building.

Jan. 2. The paint shop of W. J. Daley, on Hennepin street, was burned. Loss about $500

March 23. A lodge of Good Templars, No. 750, was organized in Dixon. The lodge surrendered its charter in the spring of 1868, and the active members united with the Sons of Templars.

May 10, 1866. A drove of nearly one hundred head of cattle concentrated on the middle span of the bridge near the middle of the river and the span gave way, precipitating the entire drove into the river, killing two head.

During the year of 1866 Joseph Utley's building, the Key Stone House, A. S. Dimick and William Smith building and Pinckney's block, were erected. The brick school house in Dementtown was erected the same year.

June 16. Dixon Commandery No. 21, K. T., was organized under dispensation, and chartered Oct. 23, 1866. The charter members were James Andrew Hawley, William Anderson Levanway, Charles Richards, Daniel Dustin, Avery W. Sawyer, Nathan F. Sturdevant, Alexis R. Whitney, Peter C. Rooney and George H. Sampson.

June 25. The Masonic fraternity held a grand celebration in Dixon Lodges were present from Amboy, Lee Center, Melugin's Grove, Rochelle, Franklin, Oregon and Grand Detour.

July 26. A division of the "Grand Army of the Republic" was organized in Dixon.

Aug. 9. The "Bucklin File Manufacturing company" was incorporated with a capital of $100,000. A large stone factory 40x140 feet was erected, and in May, 1867, the company commenced operations in their new building, but the business failed in less than a year from defects in the working of the Bucklin patent. In January, 1868, John Stanley and Joseph Ogle bought some of the tools and commenced the manufacture of hand cut files. The failure was a great swindle that caused much damage to Dixon.

Married at Springfield.

Lee Redfern of this city and Miss Jessie Fowler of Canton Ill., were married at Springfield on Tuesday evening, June 4th. They arrived in Dixon Wednesday evening and their many friends will rejoice that they are to reside here, on Jackson avenue.

Chief Engineer Here.

Edward Maine, chief engineer of the Rockford & Interurban railway, is the guest today of Agent Hugh Flannery. Mr. Maine was formerly city engineer of Rockford.

C. & N. W. SUPT. THANKS MANNING

W. D. BECK WRITES LETTER OF APPRECIATION TO COOL ENGINEER.

SAVED LIVES NEAR MAYWOOD

Considered to Be One of the Most Competent Engine Drivers on the Entire System.

James Manning, who by great presence of mind stopped his train on Tuesday, May 28, at the Maywood bridge and saved the lives of two score of children, on Wednesday received a letter from W. D. Beck, superintendent of the Galena division of the Chicago & Northwestern railroad, thanking him for the service he then performed. The letter contained the superintendent's personal thanks and also thanks on behalf of the company.

The Telegraph on Wednesday evening, May 29th, contained the exclusive news story of the remarkable manner in which Engineer Manning stopped his train on the bridge while a score of school children stood huddled about their teacher, expecting every second to be dashed into eternity. The paper reached the hands of Superintendent Beck, who, on investigation, found the facts to be true, as stated in the Telegraph. This was followed by the writing of an official letter to Mr. Manning. That Mr. Manning holds the letter priceless there can be no doubt.

That Mr. Manning is considered to be one of the great locomotive engineers of the country, there is no doubt. Samuel Wheeler, division engineer of the Northwestern, was in the city today and stated that he considered Mr. Mannig the greatest locomotive engineer in the United States.

M'CLELLAN TAKES A TRIP

Leaves New York in a Chug-Wagon So That Another Man May Veto a Measure.

New York, June 8.—The bill which provides for a recount of the ballots cast for the office of mayor of New York at the last election has been vetoed by Patrick McGowan, acting mayor of the city. The measure will be returned to Albany and may be passed over the acting mayor's veto. In order that McGowan, president of the board of aldermen, might act on the bill Mayor McClellan, who is an interested party in the controversy, left this city in an automobile, thereby making the president of the board of aldermen the acting mayor.

Acting Mayor McGowan, in vetoing the bill, wrote in a message that he declined to sign the recount bill because he felt that any of the candidates who desired a recount should pay for the recount out of his own pocket, and not saddle the burden of a second count on the public.

Croker Has Done with Politics.

London, June 8.—Richard Croker, with reference to the parliamentary gossip that he would seek election to parliament as a Nationalist, reiterates that there is not the remotest chance of this. He has done with politics, he says, and he does not wish to lose his United States citizenship.

Wisconsin's Public Utilities Bill.

Madison, Wis., June 8.—The public utilities bill passed by the state legislature provides for the control by the state railway commission of all public service corporations except telegraph and telephone companies. The commission has power over service and rates.

Rule for Weighing the Mail.

Washington, June 8.—Postmaster General Meyer has issued an order directing that "when the weight of mail is taken on railroad routes the whole number of days included in the weighing periods shall be used as a divisor for obtaining the average weight per day."

King Peter is Unhorsed.

Belgrade, Servia, June 8.—While King Peter was out riding his horse became frightened and the king was thrown from his saddle. He was badly shaken, suffered from pains in the thighs and returned to the palace in an electric car. His injuries are not serious.

Novel Accident is Fatal.

New York, June 8.—A trolley car crashed into an express wagon on the Brooklyn bridge, hurling a heavy truck over the high railing and sending it to the street 100 feet below, where it crushed out the life of a little girl, Filamena Bruno, 11 years old

Salary Limit Law Is Valid.

St. Louis, June 8.—Attorney General Hadley in an opinion to the state insurance department holding that the law prohibiting an insurance company paying any officer a greater salary than $50,000 from doing business in Missouri is constitutional.

CHURCH BURNS NOTE FOR $1200

CHRISTIAN CHURCH AT TAMPICO CELEBRATES THE EVENT WITH A PICNIC.

On Wednesday of this week Rev. H. H. Peters went to Tampico to take part in a church picnic and to assist the church in celebrating their deliverance from indebtedness. The Christian church in Tampico has been burdened with a heavy debt since its erection a few years ago. Last Wednesday night the last note of $1200 was burned. The church has grown from a membership of thirty to 100 within the last three years. Mr. Peters spoke in the evening on "The Church of the Future."

THE LID IS NOW ON AT ASHTON

COUNCIL PROVIDES FOR THE APPOINTMENT OF CITY MARSHAL.

At a meeting of the city council Monday evening an ordinance was passed and adopted providing for a city marshal, outlining his duties, and giving him full power to arrest with or without process all violators of village ordinances. Previously the city marshal had little or no power to enforce ordinances.

THREAD SELLS FOR 6 CENTS SPOOL

TRUST HAS DECREED THAT THE PRICE MUST GO UP ONE CENT.

If you are going to sew much you will do well to buy your thread at once, for the price of the commodity will be raised next week. The thread trust has declared that the price shall be raised one cent a spool and all local dealers have received notice to that effect. Hereafter you will have to pay six cents per spool for thread that has been selling for five cents ever since Grant beat Greeley for the presidency. No use of getting mad about it, either. Pay the price and keep still.

SWINDLER WORKS STERLING MAN

PASSED WILD CAT TEN DOLLAR BILL ON IMPLEMENT DEALER.

J. R. Rutt of Sterling, an implement dealer, was successfully worked on the same trick Bonsi, the Dixon fruit man, fell victim to last fall. He took in payment for a box of axle grease a facsimile of an old fashioned "wild cat" ten dollar bill, and gave change to the amount of $9.50.

In order to produce the ten dollar bill that was cashed two facsimile bills of the Merchants & Planters' bank of Atlanta, Ga., were pasted together. On one side the date of July 14, 1854, appeared and on the other side the date of July 14th appeared. The two dates were written in with ink.

The bills are the ordinary facsimile bills used for advertising purposes, and are nothing more or less than stage money. The fellow who presented the bills is described as being about twenty-four years of age. He wore a light hat and was accompanied by another man who wore a derby.

Dixon merchants will do well to remember this and watch for bogus paper money of the $10 denomination.

ROOSEVELT AT FAIR.

Those who attend the State fair at Springfield this fall may have an opportunity of seeing President Roosevelt. Governor Deneen has been informed by the president that he will probably be in the middle west in October, the occasion being an inspection of the deep waterways proposition. The officers of the State fair board have extended an invitation to the chief magistrate of the country to be present at this fair, and Governor Deneen will also use his influence to bring about this happy result.

Will Visit Canada.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Taylor and daughters, Misses Lyle and Karoline, have gone to Canada for a three weeks' stay. They will visit Niagara Falls and Toronto.

Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea purifies the blood, strengthens the nerves, regulates the bowels, aids the kidneys, cures stomach troubles, builds up the nervous force and repairs the ill effects of over eating. Tea or Tablets 35c.

Sold by Rowland Bros.

ILLINOIS MILITIA NOW RANKS SECOND

REPORTS READ AT QUINCY CONVENTION SHOW GOOD RESULTS.

NEW YORK STATE STANDS FIRST

Major Tourtillott, Dr. Moore and Capt. Frisby Will Return This Evening.

Sheriff A. T. Tourtillott, Dr. A. F. Moore and Captain Charles Frisby will arrive home from Quincy, Ill., this evening, where they were in attendance yesterday at the meeting of the Illinois National Guard and Naval Reserves.

Officers of both branches of the service met in annual convention and devoted one day to a discussion of military subjects concerning the state. Nearly 300 officers were in attendance. The sessions were held in Lippincott hall at the Soldiers' home. Reports show that the Illinois militia ranks second, New York being first. The following officers were elected:

President—Milton J. Foreman, Chicago

Vice President—Frank B. Wells, Decatur.

Secretary Treasurer—S. R. Blanchard, Ottawa.

The Association of Military Surgeons of Illinois met in connection with the officers of line, field and staff. All officers elected are Chicago men, as follows:

President—Nicholas Senn.

Vice President—Burrell S. Rogers.

Secretary Treasurer—Charles Adams.

Both associations decided to hold meetings next year in Chicago. The convention closed with a banquet at the Baldwin Park club house Thursday night.

THE COUNCIL GETS AFTER VIOLATORS

PASS ORDINANCE MAKING IT IMPERATIVE TO GET A DOCTOR'S PRESCRIPTION.

TO BUY WHISKY FROM DRUGGISTS

Attempt Made to Stop Illegal Traffic—Penalty of $10 to $25 for Each Offense.

Hereafter it will be unlawful for any druggist to dispense intoxicating liquors without first receiving the written prescription of a practicing physician. The city council at a meeting Friday evening passed an ordinance, which it is hoped will do away with the abuse of the old ordinance, which it is alleged has been made by druggists in one or two instances.

The old ordinance, which was repealed, gave the druggist permission to sell liquor for medicinal or sacramental purposes upon the payment of a fee of $5 to the city. No physician's prescription was necessary.

The ordinance which was passed at the council meeting Friday evening cuts the license fee to $1, but makes the requirements on the druggist very strict. Except for sacramental purposes he is not alowed to dispense, sell or give away any malt, vinous, mixed, fermented or intoxicating liquors, drink or beverage without the physician's permit.

Heavy Penalty.

For each offense he can be fined from $10 to $25 and the physician is liable to the same penalty is he gives a prescription for any but medicinal purposes.

It is expected that this ordinance and the enforcement of it will stop some illegal traffic which it is suspected has been carried on recently. Rather than carry the cases up on uncertain proof, the authorities have decided upon the new ordinance to win their point, and they expect it to do so.

Miss Abbie Daley of Kansas City, Mo., is a guest of Miss Imogene Platt of this city. Miss Daley and family were formerly residents of this city.

BUSINESS CARDS

I. F. Edwards
COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS of Lee County, Ill. Teachers' examination at his office, in the Court House at Dixon, the first Saturday in every month, with the exceptions of January and July. Examinations begin at 8 o'clock a. m. and close at 5 o'clock p. m. The Annual Institute will be held in Amboy August 21-24.

J. F. Palmer
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Real Estate and Loan. Office, Union Block, 2nd floor, First St., Dixon, Ill.

Trusdell & Smith
ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Office over Dixon National Bank, Dixon, Ill.

MEDICINE.

C. C. HUNT
PHYSICIAN and Surgeon, Dixon, Ill. Office in Hunt Building. Residence Third Street. Office Telephone No. 13; Residence, No. 20.

O. H. Blackman, M. D.
HOMEOPATHIC Physician and Surgeon. Office O. H. Brown Block. Residence North Side, two blocks north of bridge. Office hours 10 to 11 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m.

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D. SWIFT & CO.

Sour Stomach

No appetite, loss of strength, nervousness, headache, constipation, bad breath, general debility, sour risings, and catarrh of the stomach are all due to indigestion. Kodol relieves indigestion. This new discovery represents the natural juices of digestion as they exist in a healthy stomach, combined with the greatest known tonic and reconstructive properties. Kodol for dyspepsia does not only relieve indigestion and dyspepsia, but this famous remedy helps all stomach troubles by cleansing, purifying, sweetening and strengthening the mucous membranes lining the stomach.
Mr. S. S. Ball, of Ravenswood, W. Va., says:—"I was troubled with sour stomach for twenty years. Kodol cured me and we are now using it in milk for baby."
FOR BACKACHE—WEAK KIDNEYS TRY
DeWITT'S KIDNEY and BLADDER PILLS—Sure and Safe
Prepared by E. O. DeWITT & CO., Chicago

Growing Its Own Ties.

The Pennsylvania railroad has taken up forestation as a practical proposition, and while serving its own purpose will give the country an interesting and valuable object lesson in scientific forest raising. It has secured 1,000 acres of land in several tracts, and already has 1,700,000 young trees growing. This spring an additional 550,000 trees have been planted. The company has a regularly appointed forester, who devotes his entire time and attention to the trees plantations, with authority to engage such help as he may need. A nursery is being established on one of the tracts and here the young trees for future planting will be started from the seed. The trees are red oak, catalpa, locust, Scotch pine, and it will be from fifteen to twenty years before they attain a serviceable size for posts and ties. The destruction of the forests in the territory tributary to the Pennsylvania lines and throughout the country has been so rapid that it is believed these forests when they come on will bring big returns on the investment. The company used 5,125,000 ties last season and the question of supply has already become serious. In a few years the company will draw upon its own forest for what it needs in those lines.

Still Drink in Lanark.

Shannon Reporter: Lanark is supposed to be a dry town, yet on Monday one saloon in Shannon received a wagon load of 900 empty beer bottles from that town, and this is not all. We are informed that there are lots more to come. It is evident that those Lanarkites never did believe in getting rusty.

Assessor Returns Books.

Assessor J. M. Herman of Willow Creek returned his books to County Treasurer Sterling today.

The Scrap Book

The General and the Boy.

On the Atlanta campaign General Sherman made his headquarters for a time at the house of a farmer, where a tin basin and a roller towel on the back porch sufficed for the family's ablutions. For two mornings the small boy of the household watched in silence the visitor's efforts at making a toilet under the unfavorable auspices, but when on the third day the toothbrush, nail file, whiskbroom, etc., had been duly used and returned to their places in the traveler's grip he could suppress his curiosity no longer, so boldly put the question, "Say, mister, air you always that much trouble to yo'se'f?"—Lippincott's.

IS IT WORTH WHILE?

Is it worth while that we jostle a brother,
Bearing his load on the rough road of life?
Is it worth while that we jeer at each other—
In blackness of heart that we war to the knife?
God pity us all in our pitiful strife.

God pity us all as we jostle each other;
God pardon us all for the triumph we feel
When a fellow goes down 'neath his load on the heather,
Pierced to the heart; Words are keener than steel
And mightier far for woe than for weal.

Were it not well, in this brief little journey
On over the isthmus, down into the tide,
We give him a fish instead of a serpent,
Ere folding the hands to be and abide
Forever and aye in dust at his side?

Look at the roses saluting each other;
Look at the herds all at peace on the plain—
Man, and man only, makes war on his brother,
And laughs in his heart at his peril and pain—
Shamed by the beasts that go down on the plain.

Is it worth while that we jostle to humble
Some poor fellow down into the dust?
God pity us all! Time too soon will tumble
All of us together, like leaves in gust,
Humbled, indeed, down into the dust.
—Joaquin Miller.

Johnny's Ribs.

"How many ribs have you, Johnny?" asked the teacher.

"I don't know, ma'am," giggled Johnny, squirming around on one foot. "I'm so awful ticklish I never could count 'em."—Everybody's.

Allaying Her Fear.

Sand Bar ferry, near Augusta, Ga., is a flatboat affair, frail and rickety. Two timid ladies, hesitating to cross, plied the negro boatman with questions about it.

"And are you perfectly sure no one has ever been lost here?" they demanded.

"No, missus," replied the ferryman; "no one ain't never been los' here. Marse Jake Bristow done got spilled out and drownded last week, but dey found 'im again nex' day. We ain't never los' nobody; no, ma'am."—Youth's Companion.

He Got the Hare.

An old sailor struck inland, thinking he would like to try work in the country. He approached a farmer for a meal one day, saying he was willing to work, but that he knew little or nothing of country life.

"I will give you a meal," said the farmer, "if you will round up those sheep on the [illegible] there and drive them into the [illegible]. Come back when you've done [illegible]."

In [illegible] time the sailor came back [illegible], but happy.

"[illegible] the job?" asked the farmer.

"Yes," [illegible] the sailor, mopping his forehead.

"You' [illegible] a pretty long while about it [illegible] and see them."

Looking [illegible] the gate of the field, the farmer [illegible] the sheep safely in the fold [illegible] a hare sitting up among [illegible] exclaimed.

"[illegible] that little feller there?" [illegible] sailor. "Why, that is the [illegible] who gave me all the trouble [illegible] thought it was a lamb."

The Dreams of Avarice.

Ikey (who has been reading)—Fader, can anybody get rich "beyond der dreams of afarice?" His Father—I t'ink not, Ikey. Afarice vos a polly good dreamer.—Puck.

His Only Request.

A pretty young girl was walking through a Richmond hospital with delicacies for the sick and wounded. She overheard a suffering young Confederate officer say, "Oh, my Lord!"

Wishing to rebuke him slightly, she came to his bedside and said:

"I think that I heard you call upon the name of the Lord. I am one of his daughters. Is there anything that I can do for you?"

He looked upon the lovely face.

"Yes," he said, "please ask him to make me his son-in-law." — Ladies' Home Journal.

Wellington Never Saw Napoleon.

In the published reminiscences of Mr. Carhoul, the drawing master to the children of Queen Victoria, there is the following: "On reaching the palace one morning the Prince of Wales showed me a drawing he had just finished. Napoleon was depicted on horseback leveling a pistol at the Duke of Wellington, who was advancing to cut down his great enemy. While I was looking at the drawing who should come in but the duke himself. 'Why, the very man who can best criticise my drawing,' said the prince. 'Now, can you tell me who is that on the left?' he went on, presenting the sketch to the duke. 'Well,' replied the latter deliberately, 'judging from the waistcoat and cocked hat, I should say it was meant for Napoleon.' 'Right,' said the prince. 'And who is that other figure?' 'By the cut of the jib,' returned the duke calmly, 'I should say it was myself.' 'Right again. Well, now, is the drawing accurate? That's what I want to know?' The duke rose, put down the sketch and thus impressively addressed the Prince of Wales: 'My boy, I'm going to tell you something that the English people don't seem to realize. I was sent out to keep Napoleon in check, but never in my life have I set eyes on him. Once in the midst of a battle someone cried, "Look! There's Napoleon!" but before I could get the glass to my eye the smoke from a field gun had enveloped him.'"

Hard Hit.

Caller—What's the matter, old man? Has anything happened?

Host (groaning)—Oh, nothing—only when I was called upon at the club for my maiden speech last night I began, "As I was sitting on my thought a seat struck me," and spoiled everything!—Lippincott's.

They All Paid Up.

Mr. Brown, a Kansas gentleman, is the proprietor of a boarding house. Around his table at a recent dinner sat his wife, Mrs. Brown; the village milliner, Mrs. Andrews; Mr. Black, the baker; Mr. Jordan, a carpenter, and Mr. Hadley, a flour, feed and lumber merchant. Mr. Brown took a ten dollar bill out of his pocketbook and handed it to Mrs. Brown, with the remark that there was $10 toward the $20 he had promised her. Mrs. Brown handed the bill to Mrs. Andrews, the milliner, saying, "That pays for my new bonnet." Mrs. Andrews, in turn, passed it on to Mr. Jordan, remarking that it would pay for the carpentry work he had done for her. Mr. Jordan handed it to Mr. Hadley, requesting his receipted bill for flour, feed and lumber. Mr. Hadley gave the bill back to Mr. Brown, saying, "That pays $10 on my board." [illegible] passed it to Mrs. Brown [illegible] she had not paid her the $20 he had promised her. She, in turn, paid it to Mr. Black to settle her bread and pastry account. Mr. Black handed it to Mr. Hadley, asking credit for the amount on his flour bill. Mr. Hadley again returning it to Mr. Brown, with the remark that it settled for that month's board, whereupon Brown put it back into his pocketbook, observing that he had not supposed a greenback would go so far.

Following Instructions.

She was a little girl and very polite. It was the first time she had been on a visit alone, and she had been carefully instructed how to behave.

"If they ask you to dine with them," papa had said, "you must say: 'No, thank you. I have already dined.'"

It turned out just as papa had anticipated.

"Come along, Marjorie," said her little friend's father. "You must have a bite with us."

"No, thank you," said the little girl, with dignity. "I have already bitten."—Classmate.

How Grandma Viewed Them.

"I'm glad Billy had the sense to marry a settled old maid," said Grandma Winkum at the wedding.

"Why, grandma?" asked the son.

"Well, gals is hity-tity, and widders is kinder overrulin' and upsettin'. But old maids is thankful and willin' to please."—Ladies' Home Journal.

Brevetted For Bravery.

Everybody calls Alfred J. Stofer, a well known Washington character, "Major" Stofer.

"Where did you get your title, Stofer?" Representative Littlefield of Maine once asked him.

"Earned it, suh," Stofer replied, "killin' Yankees in the war."

"But, Stofer, you were not old enough to be a soldier."

"Who said I was a soldier, suh; who said I was a soldier? I was livin' in my native village of Culpeper, Va., suh, in those tryin' times, and it was there I won glory for the sainted Confederate cause and myself by killin' Yankees."

"But how did you kill them?"

"Killed them by indigestion, suh; by indigestion. I sold 'em apple pies and killed 'em by scores."

One of Them Kings.

The king of Italy, accompanied by a numerous party of officers in brilliant uniforms, visited an American man-of-war at Naples. During the inspection of the ship one of the resplendent Italians tripped and disappeared like a brilliant meteor down one of the hatches. A sailor who saw the fall rushed aft and, saluting the officer of the deck, said: "If you please, sir, one of them kings has fell down the for'ard hatch."

On Business After All.

The manager of the big department store stood stock still outside the little boxlike chamber which held the telephone of the establishment, for he was a very startled manager indeed. Within the chamber he could hear Miss Jones, the stenographer, speaking, and this is a scrap of the conversation the scandalized man overheard:

"I love you, dear, and only you! I'm weeping my heart away! Yes, my darling, speak to me once more! I love you, dear, I love you so!"

The young woman rang off and stepped out of the cabinet to confront the angry manager.

"Miss Jones," he said, "that telephone has been fixed where it is for the purpose of aiding in conducting business and not for lovemaking in office hours. I am surprised at you. Don't let it occur again!"

The young woman froze him with a glance. "I was ordering some new songs from the publishers for No. 3 Department," she explained icily.

ATTRACTIVE TRIFLES.

Brown Boots For Spring—Practical Girdle—Gray Popular.

Brown boots are going to be very much worn this spring. With a brown costume russet boots are particularly attractive, but they are now worn with gowns of all colors, even black, save in mourning.

A pretty girdle is formed of two bias folds of the goods, or silk may be used if the frock is not self trimmed, the lower fold being attached to the skirt, while the upper is set on the bodice. When adjusted, which work is done by means of any one of the patent devices

FOR THE WEE TOT—5001.

for fastening, the juncture between bodice and skirt cannot possibly be detected.

Gray is one of the smart spring colors and is a prominent shade among the new tailored suits, ranging from pearl gray to dark oxford tones. There are many invisible plaids and checks in this color. Pretty, too, are the gray silks and [illegible].

When [illegible] which [illegible] set out is such a modish color, is becoming, try wearing it with a lace yoke to keep the trying yellow out away from the face. By this means very often a really unbecoming shade of any color can be adapted to the wearer.

Ribbon threading is a decoration successfully applied to lingerie, lace and silk blouses and bodices.

There is no cessation in the elaborate use of lace and the lavish employment of ribbon in decorating gowns, the only difference being in the new designs conceded by the manufacturers and the pleasing conceits modistes weave from ribbons for beautifying costumes.

Although the tailored skirt is to be popular, the infinitely exquisite lingerie blouse with its incrustations of hand work and insertings of fine lace is in no danger of being ousted.

The tiny tot's dress illustrated is of Persian lawn trimmed with lace and embroidery consisting of tiny flowers somewhat conventionalized.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

GLIMPSES OF THE MODE.

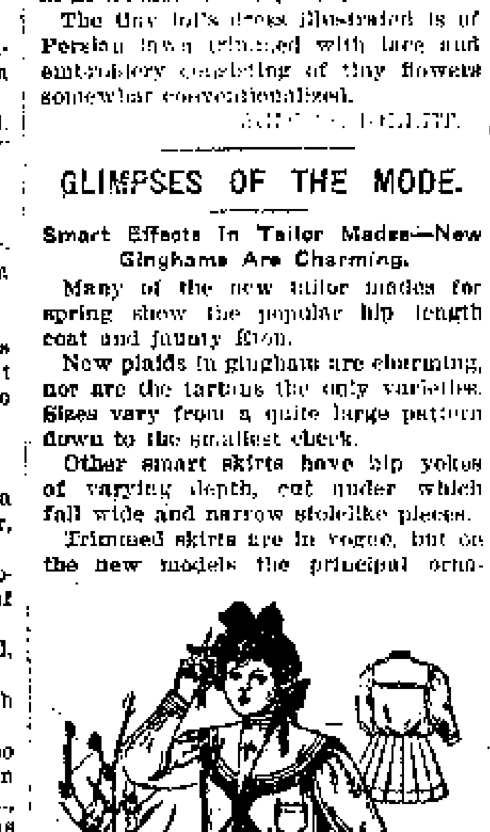
Smart Effects In Tailor Mades—New Ginghams Are Charming.

Many of the new tailor mades for spring show the popular hip length coat and jaunty Eton.

New plaids in gingham are charming, nor are the tartans the only varieties. Sizes vary from a quite large pattern down to the smallest check.

Other smart skirts have hip yokes of varying depth, cut under which fall wide and narrow stolelike pieces.

Trimmed skirts are in vogue, but on the new models the principal ornamentation is put on above the hem.



IN SAILOR STYLE—5691.

As all these dress skirts must be quite long, there is none of the barrel effect so much in favor and so unbecoming about two or three years back. There is little or no fullness allowed about the waist and hips, for both the princess and empire designs are still popular, and neither allows of any fullness above the knees.

All white costumes are always smart, but this year the striped ones are the fad. White with a hair line of black or dark blue made with facings of black on collar and cuffs is a favorite pattern, and there is an endless variety in the width of the stripe. In dark colors the hair line of a darker or lighter shade is far smarter than the shadow check or plaid of last year, and the colors are most charming.

There are not many long coats this season. The three-quarter length in the cutaway design with round front is a winner, while the much shorter half fitting pony coat is also popular.

Sailor costumes for girls are always worn. The one in the cut is of white linen banded with blue. The usual emblems are worked on sleeves and shield.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

THAT IMMUNITY BATH

Harriman Given the Treatment That Exempts Him from Criminal Prosecution.

IMPORTANT CONFERENCE HELD

President and Five Cabinet Ministers Participate Therein.

Anthracite Roads to Feel the Rod, but the Bituminous Ones Left to the Mercy of the Attorney General.

Washington, June 8.—That E. H. Harriman, the railroad magnate, is immune from criminal prosecution as the result of his testimony before the interstate commerce commission in New York recently; that the question of prosecution of bituminous coal-carrying railroads should be left in the hands of the attorney general, and that prosecution of the anthracite coal roads will begin in Philadelphia, probably next week, were conclusions reached at a notable conference held at the White House last night.

Harvester Trust Discussed, Too.

The Harriman case and the cases of the coal-carrying roads were discussed for three hours by President Roosevelt, five members of the cabinet, two members of the interstate commerce commission, and special counsel for the government. Following the general conference Attorney General Bonaparte remained with the president to discuss the so-called harvester trust. It is thought not unlikely that the question of [illegible] is [illegible] in the attorney general's hands.

Men Who Were Present.

Those who participated were President Roosevelt, Secretary Root, Secretary Taft, Secretary Cortelyou, Secretary Garfield, Attorney General Bonaparte, Interstate Commissioners Knapp and Lane and Frank B. Kellogg, of Minnesota, special counsel for the government. The conference began shortly after 9 p. m. and lasted until midnight.

GOT TOO MUCH OUT OF HIM

Harriman's Testimony Before the Inquisitors Makes Him Immune.

The discussion took a very wide range. Much of the time was given to the Harriman-Alton deal. Every phase of that transaction was thoroughly gone over and the discussion was participated in more especially by the president, Kellogg, Attorney General Bonaparte, and Commissioners Knapp and Lane. The conclusion was promptly reached that, however damaging the evidence might be against Harriman the testimony he had given in the interstate commerce investigation had given him complete immunity from criminal prosecution.

Commissioner Knapp explained that he did not complete his investigation, and that therefore he was not prepared to give a definite opinion as to the sufficiency of the evidence to warrant the government in instituting at this time suit to nullify the Alton deal. As soon as the interstate commerce commission has completed its hearing in the case a report will be made to the attorney general, who will at that time take charge of the matter and determine what if any action shall be taken.

The question of the prosecution of the bituminous coal-carrying railroads was discussed at some length, but the matter was finally left in the hands of the attorney general for such action as he might see fit to take. No instructions to bring suit were given him, and there appears to be some question as to whether any action will be taken in the immediate future. The prosecution of the anthracite coal-carrying roads will in all probability be begun in Philadelphia within the next week.

The roads involved include the Delaware, Susquehanna and Schuylkill, Philadelphia and Reading, Lehigh Valley, Delaware and Hudson, New York, Susquehanna and Western, Delaware Lackawanna and Western, Central Railroad of New Jersey, and the Erie. The Pennsylvania and one or two others may become involved as the suit progresses, but at this time no formal complaint will be filed against them.

Young Woman Commits Suicide.

Kansas City, June 8.—Miss Lillie Davis, aged 21 years, believed to be a member of a prominent family at Princeton, Mo., committed suicide at the Wellington hotel in this city by taking chloroform and carbolic acid. Miss Davis registered at the Wellington hotel a few days ago and shortly afterward notified the management that she had no money and applied for work to pay her bill. She was employed, but she was not capable, it being evident that she had never worked before.

Just so, Brother Alphonse.

Paris, June 8. — Foreign Minister Pichon, in the chamber of deputies, announced that the attitude of France at The Hague conference would be one of moderation and conciliation, similar to that which she adopted in 1899.

Spain Shows a Surplus, on Paper.

Madrid, June 8.—The budget proposals were read by the minister of finances, Senor Osma y Scull, in the chamber of deputies. They show a surplus of $5,000,000.

RICHARDSON'S CAREER ENDS

Ex-Lieutenant in the Army Who "Jilted a Girl "at the Altar" Commits Suicide.

San Antonio, Tex., June 8.—Ex-Lieutenant Mack Richardson, of the Twenty-sixth United States infantry, is dead at the hospital at Fort Sam Houston as the result of a dose of poisonous drugs taken with suicidal intent. Announcement of the acceptance of Richardson's resignation was made public Thursday. Richardson was found in an insensible condition, lying across his bed partly dressed. He had taken morphine and then followed it with a dose of prussic acid.

Richardson left a note saying: "To Whom It May Concern—This action has been inevitable since last November." Richardson was a widower with two children and his family lives in Missouri. He was recently to have married a Miss Kelly, of Brownsville, Tex., daughter of a prominent citizen. The guests assembled to witness the ceremony, but the bridegroom did not appear. His refusal to marry Miss Kelly, it is said, induced a request for his resignation from his regimental commander.

BOLD ABDUCTION OF A NUN

Two Men Carry Her Away from a Roman Catholic School at Duluth in Broad Daylight.

Duluth, Minn., June 8.—Sister Borromea, a teacher at the St. Clement Roman Catholic school, was kidnaped in a most sensational manner by two men, who driving rapidly away in a closed carriage, escaped. Sister Borromea was sitting at her desk in the afternoon when the two men entered, and advanced towards her at a rapid pace. As they approached her the sister bowed courteously and called the heavier of the two "father" in her salutation.

Without a moment's warning they seized the teacher, one taking her by her arms and the other by her feet, and carried her to the door. The sister screamed and fought desperately, but she was powerless in the hands of her abductors. Without once pausing they bore her to the street and thrust her into a hack. A great crowd gathered and chased the carriage, but was soon left in the rear and gave up.

RUN DOWN BY A TRAIN

Young Woman of Twenty Found on the Track, Decapitated and Body Badly Mangled.

Milwaukee, June 8.—With the head completely severed, the badly mangled body of an unknown girl about 20 years old was found by the train crew of a south-bound train near the Folsom street viaduct on the Chicago and Northwestern road. The girl was probably struck by a north-bound train some time during the night, and the accident never noticed by the engineer.

The girl was 5 feet 4 inches tall, had light brown hair and wore a black skirt and black shirtwaist with white lace. There is nothing on the body to indicate violence, and a rumor that the body had been placed on the track to conceal a murder is scouted by the police and coroner.

Can Oust Inefficient Officials.

St. Paul, June 8.—For failure to enforce the laws when violations are properly sworn to the attorney general of Minnesota has the power to bring ouster proceedings against village or city officials—so says the state supreme court.

Naval Target Shooting.

Washington, June 8. — In target shooting with the big guns of the navy for the annual record target practice of 1907, the Atlantic fleet was the winner, scoring 50.340 per cent., against 50.241 for the Pacific fleet.

Worden Wins the Boat Race.

Norfolk, Va., June 8.—The torpedo boat destroyer Worden won the race from New York to Cape Henry, averaging 22.5 knots an hour during the whole run.

NEWS FACTS IN OUTLINE

Kurrachi, British India, is reported to have been destroyed by a cyclone. Casualties are not reported. Kurrachi is a city of 120,000 population.

Two foreign miners were killed and eleven persons injured in a wreck on the Wabash road near Washington, Pa.

It is reported that the pretender to the throne of Morocco has again been victorious over the sultan's army.

Mrs. Henry Putnam, aged 76 years, founder of the first [illegible] library of Eau Claire, Wis., is [illegible] at Eau Claire.

For the first time in nearly four years cotton futures reached 13 cents per pound on the New Orleans Cotton Exchange.

Thomas Battle, a Confederate veteran 72 years old, at Macon, Ga., has been sent up for life for [illegible]der.

Emperor Francis Joseph is at Budapest for the celebration of the jubilee of his coronation as king of Hungary.

Princess Margaret, wife of Prince Gustavus Adolphus, son of the crown prince of Sweden, has given birth to a son. She is the Duke of [illegible]'s daughter and was married two years ago next Saturday.

The Dempsey Timber company's mill, just completed at T[illegible], Wash., at a cost of $250,000 and [illegible]peration about three weeks, is a [illegible] the result of fire.

The Italian chamber of deputies has unanimously voted $200,000 for distribution to the needy veterans who fought with Garibaldi.

W. W. Astor has distributed $50,000 to four London charities.

America's Prosperity Is Overwhelming Her.

By JACOB H. SCHIFF, Multimillionaire New York Banker.

THE conditions in which we find ourselves at present appear much misunderstood, particularly in Europe. It is a fact that we are suffering from AN EXCESS OF PROSPERITY which is simply overwhelming us. Our industries cannot find labor with which to master the orders pouring in upon them. Our railroads are in need of equipment and ADDITIONAL FACILITIES to handle the immense business of the country, and the banks can only furnish part of the working capital with which to do the UNPRECEDENTED COMMERCE which has developed.

Perplexing Associations.

By BARRY PAIN.

THE frequent association of things between which there is no OBVIOUS connection is always rather perplexing. Why do vegetarians generally believe in votes for women? Why are GOOD chess players generally fond of coffee? Why are antivivisectionists as a rule not quite trustworthy? Why have artists generally got pleasant voices? Why are HUMOROUS writers mostly MELANCHOLY people?

I SUPPOSE THERE IS AN EXPLANATION IF ONE COULD BOTHER LONG ENOUGH TO THINK IT OUT.

RISING BREAST

And many other painful and serious ailments from which most mothers suffer, can be avoided by the use of "Mother's Friend." This great remedy is a God-send to women, carrying them through their most critical ordeal with safety and no pain. No woman who uses "Mother's Friend" need fear the suffering and danger incident to birth; for it robs the ordeal of its horror and insures safety to life of mother and child, and leaves her in a condition more favorable to speedy recovery. The child is also healthy, strong and good natured. Our book "Motherhood," is worth its weight in gold to every woman, and will be sent free in plain envelope by addressing application to Bradfield Regulator Co. Atlanta, Ga.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

13th Year at Dixon

RELIABLITY

DIXON, ILL, WEDNESDAY, JUNE, 12, 1907

By doing good, conscientious work, curing the curable and refusing to treat the incurable, Dr. Prettyman has established a reputation here in [illegible] county that insures him a large practice in the future as he always had in the past. Returning every four weeks his next visit will be Dixon, Ill., Friday, January 25th. 1907, Nachusa House, 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Dr. Prettyman has had 18 years' experience in the treatment of chronic diseases. Quick, positive cures. Get well now. Read carefully every word of the following.

EYE AND EAR DISEASES.

Dimness of sight, Growths over sight, Granulated Lids, Inflammation of Eye Balls, Weak, Watery Eyes, Etc., treated and cured after the common everyday treatment has failed. No suffering from his new treatment.

EAR DISEASES, such as ringing, roaring noises, discharges, catarrhal deafness, treated by his new germicidal treatment. It is indeed a medical revolution. The greatest, grandest and best discovery of the age.

CATARRH, acute or chronic polypi in the nose, enlarged tonsils, weak voice, ulcerated throat, bronchial catarrh, pain in chest, asthma, bronchitis treated in a manner that insures success to the doctor and return to health for the patient.

STOMACH, LIVER, HEART DISEASES, the cause of suffering, loss of flesh, loss of appetite, bloating, belching, misery, can be cured. We [illegible] to cure all cases undertaken.

BLOOD POISON —All who come in the first or second stages of this disease we will cure without their ever having any more ulcers, more patches in the mouth, nose or throat, falling hair, or any scar or disfigurement that would let the world know they had been treated.

DISEASES OF WOMEN successfully treated.

NERVOUS DISEASES.

Epilepsy, Nervous Prostration, Rheumatism, Etc., treated.

WEAK WOMEN! Why remain so longer? Under skillful treatment you can be cured, thus bringing happiness to yourself and others.

DISEASE OF MEN.

NERVOUSNESS, Weakness, etc., quickly cured. All diseases of the kidneys, bladder, genital or urinary system, by new methods. Prompt and efficient cures.

STRICTURE. This is a trouble found in hundreds of cases, and often neglected because the old way of cutting was severe, and would not insure positive results. Dr. Prettyman cures these cases permanently in a short time without pain or knife.

VARICOCELE—A frequent trouble and a source of much annoyance, the evil effects of which are well known. Besides producing weakness, pain, etc., it causes losses, shrinkage and irritation. Our method after five years trial, has proven effective and not a failure has been noted.

SPERMATORRHOEA, Seminal Weakness, Loss of Power, Impotence, the cause of so much suffering in mind and body, the ban of Life, the disease that wrecks thousands and thousands of lives every year, blasts future hopes, render existence miserable, makes young and old men unfit for business or pleasure, are curable. A speedy and permanent cure guaranteed in all cases treated.

Dr. Prettyman.

4180 INDIANA AVE., CHICAGO, ILL.

TWO MORE PROBLEMS

President Tackles Them in Two Speeches on "Georgia Day" at the Jamestown Show.

LIABILITY OF THE EMPLOYER

Would Make It Absolute, Regardless of Contributory Negligence.

Would Also Eliminate the Lawsuit to Collect Damages—Stands for Income and Inheritance Taxation.

Exposition Grounds, Norfolk, Va., June 11.—The Jamestown exposition management was determined to look upon yesterday, the occasion of President Roosevelt's second visit, as the real opening. The president lost no opportunity to voice his approval of the showing made since the backward opening of the exposition on April 26. It was Georgia Day, and the opening of Bulloch hall, a replica of the early home of President Roosevelt's mother, at Roswell, Ga., erected as the Georgia state building, was the feature that drew the president to the exposition for a second visit.

Was a Very Busy Day.

From the time the president and Mrs. Roosevelt and their distinguished guests were landed at the government pier at [illegible] a. m., until their departure at 4:37 p. m., every minute was occupied. The president spoke in the George ceremonies from the reviewing stand and in the afternoon addressed the convention of the National Editorial association in the exposition auditorium. [illegible] he was given an enthusiastic welcome. He visited the Georgia building, the New York building and the negro exhibit, and in his drives over the grounds thousands of people lined the streets and gave him a continuous ovation.

Naval Review and Military Parade.

The naval review of men-of-war in Hampton roads and the reception of the commanders of United States and foreign vessels which preceded the president's arrival at the grounds, and the military review on Lee parade followed the president's forenoon address were similar to those events on the opening day except for some slight difference in the personnel of the participants.

LIABILITY FOR EMPLOYERS

President Takes Radical Ground on That Important Subject.

The real features of the day were the president's two speeches, one to the Georgia people and the other to the editors. To the Georgians, after expressing his gratitude and pride at the action of that state in asking his maternal home their state building, he elaborated his ideas on railway regulation — and corporation regulation generally — as regards the safety of employes, and declared against child labor—or woman labor either—in factories. As to the indemnity for injuries to employes, he said: "The great increase in mechanical and manufacturing operations means a corresponding increase in the number of accidents to the wage workers employed therein, these including both preventable and inevitable accidents. To the ordinary wage worker's family such a calamity means grim hardship. As the work is done for the employer, and therefore ultimately for the public, it is a bitter injustice that it should be the wage worker himself and his wife and children who bear the whole penalty.

"Legislation should be had, alike from the nation and from the states, not only to guard against the needless multiplication of these accidents, but to relieve the financial suffering due to them. * * * There should be additional legislation to secure [illegible] any compensation to employes [illegible] from accidents, and when they are killed, to their families. [illegible] The present practice is based on the [illegible] [illegible] and good sense demand that [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

"When [illegible] the eyes of the public [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] are [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

"The president [illegible] should plainly [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] lawsuit, [illegible] wears out the plaintiff would be eliminated."

The president closed with an appeal for every encouragement to the navy.

HIS VIEWS ON TAXATION

He Declares for Taxes on Both Incomes and Inheritances.

To the editors the president spoke on the land question and irrigation out west and then on federal taxation, declaring for both income and inheritance taxes. He said, among other things:

"A graduated income tax would be a desirable permanent feature of federal taxation, and I still hope that one may be devised which the supreme court will declare constitutional. * * * In my judgment, however, the inheritance tax is both a far better method of taxation and far more important for the purpose I have in view—not having the swollen fortunes of the country bear in proportion to their size a constantly increasing burden of taxation.

"The progressive principle is peculiarly adapted to limiting the size of inheritable fortunes. * * * since it may be carried to its logical conclusion in a maximum rate of 100 per cent, for the income in excess of a specified sum, without being confiscatory as to the rest of the inheritance. * * * I do not believe that any advantage comes either to the country as a whole or to the individuals inheriting the money by permitting the transmission in their entirety of such enormous fortunes as have been accumulated in America. * * * Such a tax is in no way a tax on thrift and industry, for thrift and industry have ceased to possess any measurable importance in the acquisition of the swollen fortunes long before the tax would seriously affect them."

TAFT IS OUT IN THE WEST

He Talks to Students and Others in the Badger State.

Milwaukee, June 11.—"Secretary of War William H. Taft is big enough and broad enough to fill any position which the American people may call upon him to fill," was the keynote of an address of welcome by Governor James O. Davidson, on behalf of the state of Wisconsin at the banquet at the Hotel Pfister given in honor of the distinguished secretary of war.

Mayor Sherburn M. Becker, welcomed the guest of honor on behalf of Milwaukee, and referred to Ohio's many favorite sons, and said they were by no means in the "silent majority." To Secretary Taft more than to any other human being, the mayor said, is the country indebted at this time for its island possessions.

Secretary Taft delivered a long address on the history of the Panama canal and was frequently and enthusiastically applauded. Three hundred citizens of all shades of politics sat at the banquet board.

Before coming here the secretary had visited Madison, where he spoke to the students of the state university, referring to Senator Spooner in very complimentary terms. He was received with wild enthusiasm by the students.

CONDITIONS IN RUSSIA

Special to a London Paper Says They Are Growing More Serious as to Murder and Robbery.

London, June 11.—A St. Petersburg dispatch to The Telegraph says that the internal condition of Russia is growing more serious. Murder is common; pillage has become a means of livelihood and incendiarism is but an expression of the peasants' dissatisfaction with the land owners.

Statistics show that during the week ended Saturday 158 persons suffered. Eighty were killed and seventy-eight wounded. In some of the provinces organized gangs of terrorists are holding up travelers and many acts of incendiarism are reported.

DONE BY THE NEWSPAPERS

Taft Says They Forced Him Into the Presidential Race When He Preferred Another Career.

Janesville, Wis., June 11.—Secretary of War William H. Taft passed through here en route to Madison, and was met at the station by some representative business and professional men. At their request he appeared on the back platform of his car and made a short speech paying a high tribute to Senator Spooner.

Secretary Taft said that he had been forced into his present position as a presidential candidate by the newspapers, and that [illegible] [illegible]

Earthquake at Guayaquil.

Guayaquil, Ecuador, June 11.—A violent earth shock of considerable duration occurred in this city at [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Victim of the Devil Wagon.

[illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] ON THE DIAMONDS

[illegible]

[illegible] At St. Louis—New York [illegible] Boston [illegible] Brooklyn [illegible] [illegible] Philadelphia [illegible] Cleveland 5, Detroit 0; at Washington—Chicago 2 [illegible]

Association: At Toledo—St. Paul 4, Toledo 3; at [illegible]—Kansas City 6, Louisville 4; at Indianapolis—Milwaukee 3, Indianapolis 1; at Columbus—Minneapolis [illegible] Columbus [illegible]

Western: At Omaha—Denver 1, Omaha 8; at Sioux City—Pueblo 1, Sioux City 3; at Lincoln—Des Moines 4, Lincoln 10.

TAKAHASHI PLOTTING

Jap Who Declares He Isn't Is Confronted with Papers on the Subject.

HE WANTS OUR LAWS CHANGED

Goes to See Aoki and Gets That Diplomat's Views.

Seems to Want All Demanded by Takahashi but Fears Pressure Will Result in War—Our Politics Involved.

Washington, June 11.—Thousands of dollars are being raised by the Japanese of the Pacific coast to carry out the compact they have entered into with the Progressive party of Japan for the overthrow of the Saionji ministry, the enactment of the exclusion clause in the immigration bill and the guarantee of the naturalization rights of the Japanese who are residing in this country. These additional funds for the international plot are needed for the [illegible] here. The fund which is being collected [illegible] [illegible] is the Japanese [illegible] [illegible] to the United States [illegible]

Facts in Black and White.

Notwithstanding a sweeping denial of the existence of an alliance between the Japanese of the Pacific coast and the Progressives, the anti-administration party of Japan, given out by Charles Takahashi, of Seattle, Wash., the Associated Press party in Japan the Associated Press has secured the texts of certain reports which he forwarded to Yamaoka in Seattle and to the Japanese society of Seattle. In one of the reports, which it was authoritatively stated was afterwards read by Takahashi at a secret meeting of Japanese in Seattle on the evening of May 20 he quotes Ambassador Aoki's statements in regard to the relations between the United States and Japan growing out of the recent disturbances in San Francisco and the adoption by the congress of the United States of the immigration law excluding coolie labor from continental United States.

Takahashi States His Case.

Takahashi's report in part, is as follows: "My object in discussing the Japanese immigration limitation law with Ambassador Aoki was: First—The nullification of the present immigration limitation law. Second—Opposing the would-be immigration law [illegible] [illegible] treaty said to be contemplated by Japan and the United States. [illegible] [illegible] in the Japanese naturalization rights in the United States.

What Ambassador Aoki Said.

"To these discussions Ambassador Aoki said: 'Japan has made grounds to oppose the immigration limitation law, but if we go to oppose it [illegible] war. Regarding the Japanese naturalization law the Japanese government [illegible] disagrees with the United States and will not [illegible] naturalization rights for the Japanese people [illegible] the United States government [illegible] [illegible] At present the [illegible] of a president [illegible] we are hesitating [illegible] [illegible] these questions [illegible] unpopular in American politics.'

"CANNOT MAKE 'EM QUIT"

Statement Made by the Ambassador and by Secretary Straus.

The report [illegible] as follows: "What we [illegible] [illegible] attention [illegible] the [illegible] statement [illegible] the embassy made [illegible] [illegible] on May 7. We [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

The [illegible] report [illegible] Takahashi quotes [illegible] made by Secretary Straus [illegible] [illegible] to Ambassador Aoki's [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] "Secretary Straus," the report says, "told [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] of Commerce and Labor [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] government."

"[illegible] our previous [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

It was after his interview with Secretary Straus that Takahashi and Kawakami received an invitation from Viscount Aoki to dine at the embassy. Takahashi's answer, it is stated, was: "We did not come to eat, but to settle grave diplomatic questions." Just before Yamaoka's departure for Tokio on May 14 Takahashi sent him a telegram from Washington, as follows: "Depart for Japan instantly and stir up public opinion as we understood before. There is no hope with the Japanese embassy here."

Continuing his policy of subtly [illegible] in the way of [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Viscount Aoki [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the exposition party to Japan.

CONSPIRACY OF MINE OWNERS

That Is the Defense in the Haywood Case, Shown by Their Examination of Orchard.

Boise, Ida., June [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

STATE CASE CUT SHORT

Judge [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

Receiver for a Grocery Company.

Milwaukee, June 11.—A voluntary petition has been [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Sure to Have None.

City of Mexico, June 11.—The state department [illegible] was [illegible] that Secretary Root will be received by Mexico when he arrives here on a visit as the nation's guest. Secretary [illegible] emphatically [illegible] [illegible] that the visit would have [illegible] political significance.

Shot to Death and Cremated.

[illegible], Va., June 11.—James W. Wilson, a 22-year-old negro, was shot to death and his body burned by lynchers near here. It is reported that the negro while on a visit [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Stray Torpedo Off Kiel.

Kiel, Germany, June 11.—A stray torpedo struck and badly damaged the [illegible] steamer August, while she was passing the practice range here. The vessel, which was leaking badly, was docked for repairs.

NEWS FACTS IN OUTLINE

The case of Mrs. Mary Baker Eddy [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

A premature explosion of dynamite took place at Pedro Miguel, on the line of the Panama canal, and resulted in the instant death of seven men.

YORK IS REMINISCENT

Telling in That Town Some of the Freaks of the Tornado of Last Week.

VERY CURIOUS FACTS RELATED

Girl Defies Uncle Sam and Also Saves Her Wedding—Drowning of Two Young Girls.

West York, Ill., June 11.—"Old" York, four miles from here, which was laid waste by a tornado Friday night, is just recovering from the shock of the disaster and beginning to "take notice" of the many freaks of the wind. Little groups of men gather and recounted their own and others' experiences. The experience of W. A. Murphy, a storekeeper, started the story telling. From all accounts the twister formed immediately back of his place, but the only damage done there was the breaking of two windows by a scantling. The piece of wood was hurled through a back window, through the store, shattering a lamp as it flew, and out the front window. No one was injured and not a thing in the store was disturbed or broken except the lamp.

Accident Saves Her Life.

Mrs. Margaret Crowe, who lives with her son "Arey," on route No. 1, out of Moron, Ind., west in the [illegible] [illegible] when the storm reached there. She was picked up and hurled through a screen door in the front of the house, suffering severe [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] home in [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] however, doubtless saved her life, as the orchard, in the midst of which the Crowe house is set, was uprooted and eleven trees were flung against the front of the house, piling up to the roof and leaving one partly balanced over the chimney.

His House Was Distributed.

The house of Frank Bosler, two miles [illegible] [illegible] was scattered over the country for miles. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Mrs. Ruth Bosler was carried [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] 150 yards and thrown into a barbed wire fence, suffering injuries that will probably cause her death. Her 5-year-old [illegible] Ruth, was picked up by the wind, thrown through the dining room window and into the yard and her clothing stripped from her. There was not a scratch on her.

DEFIED THE UNITED STATES

By Doing So She Prevented Her Fiance from "Going for a Soldier" After a Quarrel.

East St. Louis, Ill., June 11.—Marital happiness has crowned the fulfillment [illegible] of Roger Kennedy, of Edwardsville, Ill., and Miss Rose Wolff, of St. Louis. Miss Wolff was employed in the factory of N. O. Nelson, the philanthropist and founder of the Leclaire [illegible] co-operative colony. While thus employed she met Roger Kennedy, [illegible] [illegible] They quarreled and Kennedy went to St. Louis, where he enlisted in the army.

On returning home he showed Miss Wolff his enlistment papers. She tore them into fragments and threw them in the stove. [illegible] Roger into trouble with the recruiting station, and when he was summoned to explain she went along. "I want to see the girl that had spunk enough to defy the United States government," the major is quoted as saying. "Show her in." Miss Wolff declared she did not want her sweetheart to go to war and talked so earnestly that Kennedy's discharge was arranged. The couple was then married.

Voted to Pay Its Debts.

Charleston, Ill., June 11.—The proposition to issue bonds to pay the outstanding indebtedness of Coles county [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Bondholders Want to Foreclose.

Aledo, Ill., June 11.—A suit to foreclose [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Death of an Aged Pioneer.

[illegible] William [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Two Young Girls Drowned.

Belvidere, Ill., June 11.—Miss Minnie Holy and [illegible] Roeding were drowned when the boat in which they were riding was overturned over the dam in the Kishwaukee river, near here.

Gambling Apparatus Seized.

Carmi, Ill., June 11.—As a result of a raid on gambling rooms, several tables and 5,000 poker chips were confiscated by Sheriff Griscom and publicly burned on the streets.

WILL FIGHT THE 2-CENT RATE

Missouri Roads to Ask an Injunction Against the State Fixing Their Passenger Rates.

Kansas City, June 11.—The Times says: "The railroads of Missouri will fight the 2-cent fare law in the federal courts. Frank Hagerman, of Kansas City, representing eighteen railroads, served notice yesterday on Herbert S. Hadley, attorney general, that at 10 o'clock Friday morning he will ask the federal court to enjoin the enforcement of the 2-cent fare law. A copy of the application for injunction was sent to the attorney general yesterday.

"The relief asked for is a permanent injunction against the enforcement of the freight rate law, the passenger rate law and the new law governing demurrage charges. The court is asked to take up the whole question of what the railroads are earning and can earn and pass on them all in one case."

Union of Sicilian Thugs.

Rome, June 11.—An international association of brigands has been unearthed in Sicily by the police. Two of the leaders are in custody. From documents seized it was learned that the local band has branches in the United States. The association worked in Sicily, and its accomplices in the United States disposed of the plunder. The police hope, with the aid of the correspondence seized, to arrest some of the accomplices in the United States.

Convention on Trade Schools.

Indianapolis, June 11. — The first convention held in the interest of trade schools has opened here with representatives of many national associations which employ skilled labor in attendance. Dr. S. C. Dickey, president of Winona Technical Institute, Indianapolis, presided, and one of the speakers was Vice President C. W. Fairbanks.

Combine of Team Owners.

Minneapolis, June 11.—An effort will be made at the fifth annual convention of the Team Owners' association, which opened here, to effect a combination of team owners throughout the country by which prices may be made uniform and increased an average of 25 per cent.

No Confirmation of the Report.

Washington, June 11.—The state department has failed to receive any confirmation of the reported assassination of President Cabrera, of Guatemala. Senor Toledo Herrera, the Guatemalan minister, also is without any advices on the subject.

THE MARKETS

Chicago Grain.

Chicago, June 10.

Following were the quotations on the Chicago Board of Trade today:

Wheat—	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
July ...	$ .98	$ .97½	$ .95	$ .95½
Sept. ...	.99½	.99⅞	.97½	.98⅞
Dec. ...	1.02½	1.01⅞	.99¾	1.00½
Corn—				
July ...	.54½	.54½	.53¾	.53⅞
Sept. ...	.55⅞	.55½	.55¼	.55⅞
Dec. ...	.52½	.52⅞	.52	.52½
Oats—				
July ...	.46½	.46⅞	.44½	.44½
Sept. ...	.38⅞	.38⅞	.37½	.37½
Dec. ...	.38⅞	.39	.38½	.38½
Pork—				
July ...	16.25	16.35	16.20	16.22½
Sept. ...	16.45	16.55	16.35	16.37½
Lard—				
July ...	9.00	9.00	8.90	8.92
Sept. ...	9.07½	9.07½	9.05	9.10
Dec. ...	9.37	9.20	9.05	9.07½
Short Ribs—				
July ...	8.75	8.77½	8.70	8.72
Sept. ...	8.92	8.95	8.87½	8.87½

Cash sales—Winter wheat—By sample: No. 2 red, 97½@98c; No. 3 red, 95@97c; No. 2 hard, 95½@97c; No. 3 hard, 87@95c. Spring wheat — By sample: No. 1 northern, $1.05@1.05; No. 2 northern, $1.00@1.03½c; No. 3 spring, [illegible]. Corn—By sample, [illegible] to [illegible] lower: No. 2, 53½@54c; No. 2 white, 54c; No. 2 yellow, 54c; No. 3, 53½@53½c; No. 3 white, 54c; No. 3 yellow, 53½@54c; No. 4, 52@52½c. Oats—By sample [illegible] lower: No. 2, 45c; No. 2 white, 46@47c; No. 3, [illegible]; No. 3 white, [illegible]; No. 4 white, [illegible]; standard, [illegible]

Live Stock, Poultry and Hay.

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Cattle—Receipts 20,000. Quotations ranged at [illegible] for good to prime steers, [illegible] plain to fancy yearlings, [illegible] fair to fancy heifers, [illegible] fancy calves.

Sheep—Receipts 20,000. Quotations ranged at [illegible] for good to prime wethers, [illegible] good to prime native lambs, [illegible] spring lambs.

Live poultry—[illegible], per lb, 11c; chickens, [illegible]; springs, 18@22c; roosters, [illegible]; ducks, 12c.

[illegible]

East Buffalo Live Stock.

East Buffalo, N. Y., June 10.

Dunning & Stevens, Live Stock Commission Merchants, East Buffalo, N. Y., quote as follows: Cattle—Receipts 110 cars; market [illegible]; export steers, [illegible]; shipping steers, [illegible]; butchers, [illegible]; heifers, [illegible]; cows, [illegible]. Hogs—Receipts 40 cars; market lower; all grades, $6.45@6.50. Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 40 cars; market lower; best lambs, $7.50@7.60; yearlings, $7.25@7.50; wethers, $6.25@6.75; ewes, $5.25@5.50. Veals—Best, $4.00@8.25.

THE AWFUL BIG CATS

They Are the Most Dangerous of All Wild Animals.

TIGERS MERCILESS DEMONS.

While Easy to Handle and Quick to Learn, When Aroused They Are Fiends Incarnate—Panthers, Jaguars and Leopards Are Treacherous.

"Of all wild animals," writes A. W. Rolker in Appleton's Magazine, "including the rhinoceros with his frightful charge and his dreadful horn, including the rogue elephant with his unbounded strength, his marvelous cunning and his villainous trunk, and including that gray, shaggy rogue, the American grizzly, with his rib crushing hug, his ponderous paw and his hot, reeking maw, no beast is as dangerous to man as any one of the big cats.

"For, besides the mouth provided with teeth that can crunch through the leg bone of a man as if it were a pipestem, each foot is provided with five poniard-like claws, pointed like needles and from three to four and a half inches long. As the beast strikes with these he draws the claws in, keeping hold of muscles and tendons and ligaments and tearing them out of the flesh until they snap like rubber bands, so that unless the victim succumbs it will be months and months and sometimes years and years before he can regain use of an injured member.

"But not only do these talons tear viciously. Curious to say, although the claws are needle pointed and the edges are dull as the tip of a little finger, a cut with one of these hooks is like the cut of a dagger. On one occasion in Bostock's trained wild animal show a Bengal tigress made a sweep at a European black bear, cut through the six inch thick fur of the bear and cut three parallel stripes two feet long and six inches deep and clean as razor slashes to the very backbone of the beast.

"As a matter of fact, the dexterity of one of these big cats' claws is astounding. Here is a curious accident which happened to Bostock when he undertook personally to break in a 'rogue' cat that had 'gone bad.' Provided with sole leather guards worn next the skin and covering the fleshy part of the leg from the groin to the knee, he entered the arena with the bad one and was attacked and wounded. His trousers were slashed in one spot just big enough to admit a single claw, an undergarment showed two similar and the sole leather guard three similar cuts, while the flesh was torn an inch deep in four places three inches long.

"Still another instance showing the marvelous quickness of claw happened in the same show when the trainer in charge of a leopard group was saved in the nick of time from a rogue which had tried to pull him down by climbing up on him. The arm of this man showed between wrist and elbow alone twenty-six wounds varying from a quarter of an inch deep and an inch long to one inch deep and four inches long.

"Of all the big cats, including that magnificent jungle maned monarch of might, the lion, and including those beautifully spotted orange and black villains, the jaguar and the leopard, and their cousin, that noiseless, lightning swift traitor, the panther, trainers prefer to handle the tiger.

"This is contrary to the popular belief which credits the tiger as the most bloodthirsty of all wild beasts. The tiger is, however, the quickest to learn and the easiest to handle. Whereas the tiger always remains a nervous, high strung brute, after a time a lion becomes phlegmatic and lazy and requires urging, which is apt to cause trouble.

"Whereas the tiger is a demon incarnate and merciless once aroused, he is at least an honest fighter that gives ample warning when about to attack and only as a rare exception attacks a man from behind, unlike the jaguar, the leopard and the panther, which are treacherous and almost invariably attack when a back is turned.

"Again, of all this dangerous family the [illegible] of the tiger comes nearest that of [illegible] house cat, and, always [illegible], the tiger it is that is [illegible] once the master has [illegible] establishing his truce. Then, like the domestic cat, he likes to [illegible] the person of his trainer [illegible] have his back rubbed and [illegible] the top of his head scratched [illegible] the everlasting itch between [illegible] while he emits purrs of [illegible], forgetting that the least [illegible] accident may arouse murderous [illegible] that would in a twinkling [illegible] the friendly meeting [illegible]."

[illegible] It.

[illegible] might as well stop [illegible] Beauty. She [illegible] with you after all. [illegible] the money she [illegible] inherit from me. [illegible] What makes you [illegible]—I have proposed [illegible] been accepted.—Tit-Bits.

The Only Way.

Patient (a shrewish woman, to doctor)—Say, doctor, you can tell me some way of making my husband happy.

Doctor—I only know one—get him a divorce.—Slave.

Trout, salmon, goldfish and pike are believed never to sleep, but only to rest periodically.